ANDAMAN AND NECOBAR ADMINISTRATION

THE ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS MONEY-LENDERS REGULA "ION, 1956

No. 2 of 1956

(Modified as on date 31st May, 1993)

FUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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THE ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS MONEY LENDERS REGULATION, 1956

No.2 of 1956

Promulgated by the President in the Seventh Year of the Republic of India.

A Regulation to regulate and control the transactions of money-lending in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause(2) of article 243 of the constitution, the President is pleased to promuljate the following Regulation made . by bim:—

CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

- t title ex-(1) This Regulation may be called the Andaman and and commenent. Nicobar Islands Money-lenders Regulation, 1956.
 - (2) It extends to the whole of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
 - (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Chief Commissioner may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- initions. 2. In this Regulation, unless the context otherwis requires,—
- of 1949.
- (a) 'bank' means a banking company as defined in the Banin; Companies Act, 1949 4/and includes the State Bank of India constituted under the State Bank of India Act, 1955/
- of 1955.
- (b) 'Chief Commissioner' means the Chief Commissioner of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands;
- 7 of 1913
- (c) 'Company' means a commany as defined in the Indian Companies Act, 1913, and includes ar company formed and registered outside India.
- of 1912
- (d) 'Co-operative society' means a co-operative society resistered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, or under any other la for the time being in force in any State f the resistration of co-operative societies

- (v) an advance made to a subscriber to, or a depositor, in, a Provident Fund from the amount standing to his credit in the Fund in accordance with rules of the fund.
- (vi) a loan to, or by an insurance company as defined in the Insurance Act, 1938.
 - (vii) a ldan to, or by a bank;
- (viii) an 'advance made on the basis of a negotiable instrument as defined in the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, other than a promissory note;
 - (ix) a mere surply of goods on credit which is not accompanied by a bond bearing interest executed in respect of the supply of such goods on credit;
 - (j) 'money-lender' means a person other than a bank-
 - (i) who carries on the busidess of money-lending in the Islan's or
 - (ii) who has a place of such business in the Islands, and includes a nawn-broker:
 - (t) 'money-lendin', business' or 'business of money-lendin' means the business of advencing loans either solely or in common with any other business:
 - (1) 'nawn-broker' means a person who carries on the business of taking goods and chattels in pawn for a loan;
 - (m) 'pawmor' means a person delivering an article for pawn to a pawn-broker;
 - (n) 'n escribed' means prescribed by rules made by the Chief Commissioner under this Regulati
 - (c) 'trincipal' in relation to a lean means the amount actually lent to the debtor:
 - (n) 'movident Fund' means a Provident Fund as defined in the Provident Funds Act, 1925, and includes a Government Provident Fund and a Railway Provident Fund as defined in that Ac

of 1925