THE COURT-FEES ACT, 1870

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

SECTIONS

1. Short title.

Extent of Act.

Commencement of Act.

- 1A. Definition of "appropriate Government".
- 2. [Repealed.].

CHAPTER II

FEES IN THE HIGH COURTS AND IN THE COURTS OF SMALL CAUSES

AT THE PRESIDENCY-TOWNS

3. Levy of fees in High Courts on their original sides.

Levy of fees in Presidency Small Cause Courts.

4. Fees on documents filed, etc., in High Courts in their extraordinary jurisdiction. In their appellate jurisdiction.

As courts of reference and revision.

5. Procedure in case of difference as to necessity or amount of fee.

CHAPTER III

FEES IN OTHER COURTS AND IN PUBLIC OFFICES

- 6. Fees on documents filed, etc., in Mufassal Courts or in public offices.
- 7. Computation of fees payable in certain suits.
 - (i) for money.
 - (ii) for maintenance and annuities.
 - (iii) for other movable property having a market-value.
 - (iv) (a) for movable property of no market-value.
 - (b) to enforce a right to share in joint family property.
 - (c) for a declaratory decree and consequential relief.
 - (d) for an injunction.
 - (e) for easements.
 - (f) for accounts.
 - (v) for possession of land, houses and gardens.Proviso as to Bombay Presidency.for houses and gardens .
 - (vi) to enforce a right of pre-emption.
 - (vii) for interest of assignee of land-revenue.

SECTIONS

- (viii) to set aside an attachment.
- (ix) to redeem. to foreclose.
- (x) for specific performance.
- (xi) between landlord and tenant.
- 8. Fee on memorandum of appeal against order relating to compensation.
- 9. Power to ascertain net profits or market-value.
- 10. Procedure where net profits or market-value wrongly estimated.
- 11. Procedure in suits for mesne profits or account when amount decreed exceeds amount claimed.
- 12. Decision of questions as to valuation.
- 13. Refund of fee paid on memorandum of appeal.
- 14. Refund of fee on application for review of judgment.
- 15. Refund where Court reverses or modifies its former decision on ground of mistake.
- 16. Refund of fee.
- 17. Multifarious suits.
- 18. Written examinations of complainants.
- 19. Exemption of certain documents.

CHAPTER IIIA

PROBATES, LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION AND CERTIFICATES OF ADMINISTRATION

- 19A. Relief where too high a court-fee has been paid.
- 19B. Relief where debts due from a deceased person have been paid out of his estate.
- 19C. Relief in case of several grants.
- 19D. Probates declared valid as to trust-property though not covered by court-fee.
- 19E. Provision for case where too low a court-fee has been paid on probates, etc.
- 19F. Administrator to give proper security before letters stamped under section 19E.
- 19G. Executors, etc., not paying full court-fee on probates, etc., within six months after discovery of under-payment.
- 19H. Notice of applications for probate or letters of administration to be given to Revenue-authorities, and procedure thereon.
- 19I. Payment of court-fees in respect of probates and letters of administration.
- 19J. Recovery of penalties, etc.
- 19K. Sections 6 and 28 not to apply to probates or letters of administration.

CHAPTER IV

PROCESS-FEES

20. Rules as to cost of processes.

Confirmation and publication of rules.

SECTIONS

- 21. Tables of process-fees.
- 22. Number of peons in District and subordinate Courts. Number of peons in Mufassal Small cause Courts.
- 23. Number of peons in Revenue Courts.
- 24. [Repealed.].

CHAPTER V

OF THE MODE OF LEVYING FEES

- 25. Collection of fees by stamps.
- 26. Stamps to be impressed or adhesive.
- 27. Rules for supply, number, renewal and keeping accounts of stamps.
- 28. Stamping documents inadvertently received.
- 29. Amended document.
- 30. Cancellation of stamp.

CHAPTER VI

MISCELLANEOUS

- 31. [Repealed.].
- 32. [Repealed.].
- 33. Admission in criminal cases of documents for which proper fee has not been paid.
- 34. Sale of stamps.
- 35. Power to reduce or remit fees.
- 36. Saving of fees to certain officers of High Courts.

SCHEDULE I.— AD VALOREM FEES

TABLE OF RATES OF AD VALOREM FEES LEVIABLE ON THE

INSTITUTION OF SUITS.

SCHEDULE II. — FIXED FEES

SCHEDULE III. — FORM OF VALUATION (TO BE USED WITH SUCH MODIFICATIONS, IF ANY, AS MAY BE NECESSARY)

ANNEXURE A.— VALUATION OF THE MOVABLE AND IMMOVABLE PROPERTY OF DECEASED.

ANNEXURE B.—SCHEDULE OF DEBTS, ETC.

THE COURT-FEES ACT, 1870

ACT NO. 7 OF 1870¹

[11th March, 1870.]

CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Court-fees Act, 1870.

Extent of Act.—It extends to the whole of India except ²[the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States];

Commencement of Act.—And it shall come into force on the first day of April, 1870.

³[1A. Definition of "appropriate Government".—In this Act "the appropriate Government" means, in relation to fees or stamps relating to documents presented or to be presented before any officer serving under the Central Government, that Government, and in relation to any other fees or stamps, the State Government.]

⁴2. ["Chief Controlling Revenue-authority" defined.] Rep. by the A. O. 1937.

1. It has been declared inapplicable to proceedings before officers making a settlement, and in certain other cases under the Sonthal Parganas Settlement Regulation, 1872 (Reg. 3 of 1872), s. 8, as amended by the Sonthal Parganas Justice and Laws Regulation, 1899 (Reg. 3 of 1899).

It has been extended to and brought into force in Dadra and Nagar Haveli by Reg. 6 of 1963, s. 2 and Sch. I (w.e.f. 1-7-1965), to Goa, Daman and Diu by Reg. 11 of 1963, s. 3 and Sch., and to the whole of Union territory of Lakshadweep by Reg. 8 of 1863, s. 3 and Sch., with modification (w.e.f. 1-10-1967).

It has been amended in—

Ajmer-Merwara by Act 31 of 1930;

Assam by Assam Acts 4 of 1922, 3 of 1932, 18 of 1947, 8 of 1950, 27 of 1954, 22 of 1955, 3 of 1958, 19 of 1958, 12 of 1960 and 28 of 1972;

Bengal by Bengal Acts 3 of 1898, 4 of 1922, 6 of 1922, 7 of 1935, 11 of 1935 and 3 of 1941;

Bihar by Bihar Acts 17 of 1939 and 7 of 1958.

Bihar and Orissa by B. & O. Act 2 of 1922;

Bombay by Bombay Acts 2 of 1932 and 15 of 1943;

C.P. by C.P. Act 16 of 1935;

C.P. and Berar by C.P. and Berar Acts 9 of 1938, 16 of 1940, 9 of 1941, 5 of 1945 and 7 of 1948 and M.P. Acts 4 and 38 of 1950, 13 and 22 of 1951 and 9 of 1953;

Himachal Pradesh by H.P. Act 4 of 1952;

Madras by Madras Acts 5 of 1922 and 17 of 1945;

Orissa by Orissa Acts 5 of 1939, 4 of 1945, 13 of 1957, 12 of 1974 and 55 of 1975;

Punjab by Act 17 of 1887 and Punjab Acts 7 of 1922, 1 of 1942, E.P. Act 26 of 1949 and Pun. Act 31 of 1953, 19 of 1957, 20 of 1960 and 9 of 1979;

U.P. by U.P. Acts 12 of 1922, 3 of 1933, 2 of 1936, 19 of 1938, 9 of 1941, 14 of 1942, 8 of 1943, 5 of 1944, 14 of 1948, 28 of 1957, 10 of 1959, 34 of 1970 and 9 of 1975;

Andaman and Nicobar Islands by Reg. 2 of 1957;

Meghalaya by Meghalaya Acts 2 of 1973 and 5 of 1973;

Madhya Pradesh by Madhya Pradesh Acts 24 of 1975 and 4 of 1976;

Delhi by Central Act 28 of 1967; and

Haryana by Haryana Acts 11 of 1974 and 22 of 1974.

The Act has been repealed in its application to Bombay area and Coorg district of Mysore by Mysore Act 16 of 1958. It has been repealed in part in partially excluded areas in Madras and Koraput by Madras Reg. 6 of 1940 and Orissa Reg. 7 of 1943, respectively.

- 2. Subs. by the Adaptation of Laws (No. 2) Order, 1956, for "Part B States".
- 3. Ins. by the A.O. 1937.

4. The Original s. 2 relating to repeal of enactments was rep. by the Repealing Act, 1870 (14 of 1870). A section defining "Chief Controlling Revenue-authority" was added by s. 2 of the Court-fees (Amendment) Act, 1901 (10 of 1901), and was slightly amended by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1917 (24 of 1917). For the definition of the "Chief Controlling Revenue-authority" *see* now the General Clauses Act, 1897 (10 of 1897), s. 3 (10).

The A.O. 1937 rep. s. 2 as in force elsewhere than in Bengal. In that Province the section subs. by the Court-fees (Bengal Amendment) Act, 1935 (Ben. 7 of 1935), s. 3 contains definitions of "appeal", "Chief Controlling Revenue-authority", "Collector" and "Suit".

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 2 of Act (7 of 1870).—For section 2 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, hereinafter called the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted:—

- "2. **Definition**.—In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—
 - (1) 'appeal' includes a cross objection;
 - (2) 'suit' includes an appeal from a decree except in section 8-A."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 3]

CHAPTER II

FEES IN THE HIGH COURTS AND IN THE COURTS OF SMALL CAUSES

AT THE PRESIDENCY-TOWNS

3. Levy of fees in High Courts on their original sides.—The fees payable for the time being to the clerks and officers (other than the Sheriffs and attorneys) of ¹[the ²[High Courts other than those of Kerala, Mysore and Rajasthan]],

or chargeable in each of such Courts under No. 11 of the first, and Nos. 7, 12, 14, 3*** 20 and 21 of the second, schedule to this Act annexed;

Levy of fees in Presidency Small Cause Courts.—and the fees for the time being chargeable in the Courts of Small Causes at the ⁴presidency-towns, and their several offices;

shall be collected in manner hereinafter appearing.

4. Fees on documents filed, etc., in High Courts, in their extraordinary jurisdiction.—No document of any of the kinds specified in the first or second schedule to this Act annexed, as chargeable with fees, shall be filed, exhibited or recorded in, or shall be received or furnished by, any of the said High Courts in any case coming before such Court in the exercise of its extraordinary original civil jurisdiction;

or in the exercise of its extraordinary original criminal jurisdiction;

In their appellate jurisdiction.—or in the exercise of its jurisdiction as regards appeals from the ⁵[judgments (other than judgments passed in the exercise of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the Court) of one] or more Judges of the said Court, or of a Division Court;

or in the exercise of its jurisdiction as regards appeals from the Courts subject to its superintendence;

As Courts of reference and revision.—or in the exercise of its jurisdiction as a Court of reference or revision;

unless in respect of such document there be paid a fee of an amount not less than that indicated by either of the said schedules as the proper fee for such document.

STATE AMENDMENT

Uttar Pradesh

Amendment of section 4 of Act VII of 1870.—In the marginal heading to the first clause of section 4 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, as amended from time to time in its application to Uttar Pradesh for the words "in the High Courts in their ordinary or extraordinary jurisdiction" shall be substitution.

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act X of 1959, s. 2]

^{1.} Subs by the A.O.1950, for "the Courts which are High Courts for the purposes of the Government of India Act, 1935".

^{2.} Subs. by the Adaptation of Laws (No. 2) Order, 1956, for "High Courts for Part A States".

^{3.} The number "16" rep. by Act 12 of 1891.

^{4.} See the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882 (15 of 1882), Ch. X.

^{5.} Subs. by Act 19 of 1922, s. 2, for "judgment of two".

Amendment of section 4 of Act VII of 1870.—In section 4 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, as amended from time to time in its application to Uttar Pradesh—

- (1) for the words "any of the said High Courts", the words "the High Court of Judicature at Allahabad" shall be substituted;
- (2) between the words "in the exercise of its" and the words "extraordinary original civil jurisdiction", the words "ordinary or" shall be inserted;
- (3) between the words "in the exercise of its" and the words "extraordinary original criminal jurisdiction", the words "ordinary or" shall be inserted; and
- (4) after the sub-paragraph "or in the exercise of its jurisdiction as a Court of reference or revision", the following sub-paragraphs shall be added—

"Or in the exercise of its jurisdiction to issue direction the exercise of nation, orders or writs under the jurisdiction to issue Constitution of India;

Or in the exercise of jurisdiction in any other in the exercise of any other jurisdiction matter." [Vide Uttar Pradesh Act X of 1959, s. 3]

5. Procedure in case of difference as to necessity or amount of fee.—When any difference arises between the officer whose duty it is to see that any fee is paid under this Chapter and any suitor or attorney, as to the necessity of paying a fee or the amount thereof, the question shall, when the difference arises in any of the said High Courts, be referred to the taxing-officer, whose decision thereon shall be final, except when the question is, in his opinion, one of general importance, in which case he shall refer it to the final decision of the Chief Justice of such High Court, or of such Judge of the High Court as the Chief Justice shall appoint either generally or specially in this behalf.

When any such difference arises in any of the said Courts of Small Causes, the question shall be referred to the Clerk of the Court, whose decision thereon shall be final, except when the question is, in his opinion, one of general importance, in which case he shall refer it to the final decision of the first Judge of such Court.

The Chief Justice shall declare who shall be taxing-officer within the meaning of the first paragraph of this section.

CHAPTER III

FEES IN OTHER COURTS AND IN PUBLIC OFFICES

6. Fees on documents filed, etc., in Mufassal Courts or in public offices.—Except in the Courts hereinbefore mentioned, no document of any of the kinds specified as chargeable in the first or second schedule to this Act annexed shall be filed, exhibited or recorded in any Court of Justice, or shall be received or furnished by any public officer, unless in respect of such document there be paid a fee of an amount not less than that indicated by either of the said schedules as the proper fee for such document.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 6 of Act (7 of 1870).--Section 6 of the principal Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of section 6 and , after the said sub-section, the following sub-section shall be inserted:—

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Provincial Government may, by notification, direct that a copy of a document, specified as chargeable in Schedules I and II to this Act annexed, shall be furnished by a public officer without payment of the fee indicated by either of the said Schedules as the proper fee for such copy and the copy so furnished shall be chargeable with the requisite fee only when it is filed, exhibited or recorded in any Court of justice or received by a public officer as mentioned in sub-section (1)."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 4]

STATE AMENDMENT

Uttar Pradesh

Amendment of section 6 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 6 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 as amended in its application to Uttar Pradesh, hereinafter, in this Chapter referred to as the principal Act.—

- (a) in sub-section (1), in the first proviso, for the words "the United" Provinces Tenancy Act, 1939, or the United Provinces Land Revenue Act, 1901", the words "any law relation to land tenures or land revenue shall be substituted;
- (b) in sub-section (6), for the words "Chief Inspector of Stamps" the words "Commission of Stamps" shall be substituted.

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 6 of 1980, s. 2]

Amendment of section 6-A.—In section 6-A of the principal Act, in sub-section (3), for the words "Chief Inspector of Stamps", the words "Commissioners of Stamps" shall be substituted.

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 6 of 1980, s. 3]

Amendment of section 6-B.—In section 6-B of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the words "Chief Inspector of Stamps", the words "Commissioner of Stamps" shall be substituted.

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 6 of 1980, s. 4]

7. Computation of fees payable in certain suits.—The amount of fee payable under this Act in the suits next hereinafter mentioned shall be computed as follows:—

for money.—(i) In suits for money (including suits for damages or compensation, or arrears of maintenance, of annuities, or of other sums payable periodically)—according to the amount claimed:

for maintenance and annuities.—(*ii*) In suits for maintenance and annuities or other sums payable periodically—according to the value of the subject-matter of the suit, and such value shall be deemed to be ten times the amount claimed to be payable for one year:

for other movable property having a market-value.—(*iii*) In suits for movable property other than money, where the subject-matter has a market-value—according to such value at the date of presenting the plaint:

(iv) In suits—

for movable property of no market-value.—(a) for movable property where the subject-matter has no market-value, as, for instance, in the case of documents relating to title,

to enforce a right to share in joint family property.—(b) to enforce the right to share in any property on the ground that it is joint family property,

for a declaratory decree and consequential relief.—(c) to obtain a declaratory decree or order, where consequential relief is prayed,

for an injunction.—(d) to obtain an injunction,

for easements.—(e) for a right to some benefit (not herein otherwise provided for) to arise out of land, and

for accounts.—(*f*) for accounts—

according to the amount at which the relief sought is valued in the plaint or memorandum of appeal:

In all such suits the plaintiff shall state the amount at which he values the relief sought 1***:

for possession of land, houses and gardens.—(v) In suits for the possession of land, houses and gardens—according to the value of the subject-matter; and such value shall be deemed to be—

where the subject-matter is land, and—

- (a) where the land forms an entire estate, or a definite share of an estate, paying annual revenue to Government.
- or forms part of such an estate and is recorded in the Collector's register as separately assessed with such revenue,

and such revenue is permanently settled—

ten times the revenue so payable:

(b) where the land forms an entire estate, or a definite share of an estate, paying annual revenue to Government, or forms part of such estate and is recorded as aforesaid;

and such revenue is settled, but not permanently-

five times the revenue so payable:

(c) where the land pays no such revenue, or has been partially exempted from such payment, or is charged with any fixed payment in lieu of such revenue,

and nett profits have arisen from the land during the year next before the date of presenting the plaint—

fifteen times such nett profits:

but where no such nett profits have arisen therefrom— the amount at which the Court shall estimate the land with reference to the value of similar land in the neighbourhood:

(d) where the land forms part of an estate paying revenue to Government, but is not a definite share of such estate and is not separately assessed as above-mentioned—the market-value of the land:

Proviso as to Bombay Presidency.—Provided that, in the ²territories subject to the Governor of Bombay in Council, the value of the land shall be deemed to be—

- (1) where the land is held on settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and pays the full assessment to Government—a sum equal to five times the survey-assessment;
- (2) where the land is held on a permanent settlement, or on a settlement for any period exceeding thirty years, and pays the full assessment to Government—a sum equal to ten times the survey-assessment; and
- (3) where the whole or any part of the annual survey-assessment is remitted—a sum computed under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of this proviso, as the case may be, in addition to ten times the assessment, or the portion of assessment, so remitted.

Explanation.—The word "estate", as used in this paragraph, means any land subject to the payment of revenue, for which the proprietor or a farmer or raiyat shall have executed a separate engagement to Government, or which, in the absence of such engagement, shall have been separately assessed with revenue:

^{1.} The words "and the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, section thirty-one, shall apply as if, for the word 'claim', the words 'relief sought', were substituted" omitted by Act 12 of 1891, s. 3 and the First Schedule.

^{2.} See para.8 of the A.O. 1937. In view of this provision the expression "Governor of Bombay in Council" has been left unmodified.

for houses and gardens.—(e) Where the subject-matter is a house or garden according to the market-value of the house or garden:

to enforce a right of pre-emption.—(vi) In suits to enforce a right of pre-emption-according to the value (computed in accordance with paragraph (v) of this section) of the land, house or garden in respect of which the right is claimed:

for interest of assignee of land revenue.—(*vii*) In suits for the interest of an assignee of land revenue—fifteen times his net profits as such for the year next before the date of presenting the plaint:

to set aside an attachment.—(*viii*) In suits to set aside an attachment of land or of an interest in land or revenue—according to the amount for which the land or interest was attached:

Provided that, where such amount exceeds the value of the land or interest, the amount of fee shall be computed as if the suit were for the possession of such land or interest.

to redeem.—(ix) In suits against a mortgagee for the recovery of the property mortgaged.

to foreclose.—and in suits by a mortgagee to foreclose the mortgage, or, where the mortgage is made by conditional sale, to have the sale declared absolute—

according to the principal money expressed to be secured by the instrument of mortgage:

for specific performance.—(x) In suits for specific performance—

- (a) of a contract of sale—according to the amount of the consideration :
- (b) of a contract of mortgage—according to the amount agreed to be secured:
- (c) of a contract of lease—according to the aggregate amount of the fine or premium (if any) and of the rent agreed to be paid during the first year of the term :
 - (d) of an award—according to the amount or value of the property in dispute :

between landlord and tenant.—(xi) In the following suits between landlord and tenant:—

- (a) for the delivery by a tenant of the counterpart of a lease,
- (b) to enhance the rent of a tenant having a right of occupancy,
- (c) for the delivery by a landlord of a lease,
- $^{1}[(cc)]$ for the recovery of immovable property from a tenant, including a tenant holding over after the determination of a tenancy,]
 - (d) to contest a notice of ejectment,
- (e) to recover the occupancy of 2 [immovable property] from which a tenant has been illegally ejected by the landlord, and
 - (f) for abatement of rent—

according to the amount of the rent of the ²[immovable property] to which the suit refers, payable for the year next before the date of presenting the plaint.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 7 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 7 of the principal Act, for the words "in the suits next hereinafter mentioned" the words "in the suits next hereinafter mentioned except suits for relief under section 14 of the Religious Endowments Act, 1863, or under section 91 or section 92 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908", shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 5]

^{1.} Ins. by Act 6 of 1905, s. 2 (1).

^{2.} Subs. by s. 2 (2), ibid., for "land".

Amendment of section 7 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 7ii of the principal Act, after the words "shall be deemed to be the words" "in suits for maintenance five times and in other suits" shall be inserted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 6]

Amendment of section iv of Act (7 of 1870).—Clause (b) of section 7iv of the principal Act shall be omitted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 7]

Insertion new paragraph in section 7 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 7 of the principal Act after paragraph iv the following paragraph shall be inserted:—

"iv-A. in a suit for cancellation of a decree for money or other property having a money –value, or other document securing money or other property having such value,

According to the value of the subject-matter of the suit, and such value shall be deemed to be—

if the whole decree or other document is sought to be cancelled, the amount or the value of the property for which the decree was passed or the other document executed,

if a part of the decree or other document is sought to be cancelled, such part of the amount or value of the property.

Explanation.—In any case where a suit for the cancellation of a whole decree for money or other property having a money value, or other document securing money or other property having such value has to be instituted, but the substantial relief claimed is only in respect of a part of the amount or the decree was passed or the other document as executed, the value of the subject matter of the suit shall be deemed to be such part of the amount or value of the property in respect of which the relief is sought."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 8]

Amendment paragraph v of section 7 of Act (7 of 1870).—In paragraph v of section 7 of the principal Act,

- (1) in clause (a), for the word "ten" the word "ten" shall be substituted;
- (2) in clause (b), for the word "five" the word "ten" shall be substituted;
- (3) the following proviso shall be inserted after the existing proviso:—

"Provided further that in suits for possession of land if rules are framed under section 3 of the Suits Valuation Act, 1887 (7 of 1887), for determining the value for the purposes of jurisdiction, the value so determined shall be deemed to be the value of the hand for the purposes of this paragraph; and

(4) the existing Explanation shall be re-numbered as Explanation I, and, after the Explanation so re-numbered, the following Explanation shall be added, namely:—

"Explanation II.—In this paragraph, 'building' includes a house, out-house, stable, privy, urinal, shed, hut, wall, and any other such structure, whether of masonry, bricks, wood, mud, metal or any other material whatsoever."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 9]

Insertion of new paragraph vi-A in section 7 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 7 of the principal Act after paragraph vi the following paragraph shall be inserted:—

"vi-A. In suits for partition and separate possession of a share of joint family property or of joint property, or to enforce a right to a share in any property on the ground that it is joint family property or joint property—

if the plaintiff alleges that he has been excluded from possession of the property of which he claims to be a coparcener or co-owner-according to the market-value of the share in respect of which the suit is instituted.

Explanation.—The word "possession" for the purposes of this paragraph includes constructive possession."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 10]

Haryana

Amendment of section 7 of Act 7 of 1870.— In section 7 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).—

- (a) in the first proviso to clause (iv), for the words "thirteen rupees", the words `twenty-five rupees' shall be substituted; and
 - (b) for clause (v), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(v) in suits for the possession of land, houses and gardens, according to the value of the subject matter; and such value shall be deemed to be,—
 - (a) where the subject matter is land, according to the market value thereof which shall be deemed to be,—
 - (i) in the case of land which is irrigated by perennial canal, two thousand rupees per acre ;
 - (ii) in the case of land which is irrigated by non-perennial canal or by well, one thousand and five hundred rupees per acre;
 - (iii) in the case of land which is Barani, one thousand rupees per acre;
 - (iv) in the case of land which is Sailab or Bhud, seven hundred and fifty rupees per acre; and
 - (v) in the case of land which is Thur, Sem, Banjar or of like nature, five hundred rupees per acre; and
 - (b) where the subject matter is house or garden, according to its market value;".

[Vide Haryana Act 11 of 1974, s. 2]

Haryana

Amendment of section 7 of Act 7 of 1870.—In section 7 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for sub-clauses (a) and (b) of clause (r), the (following sub-clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

- "(a) where the subject matter is land other than land situated within municipal limits or Abadi Deh whether under cultivation or not according to the market value thereof which shall be deemed to be,—
 - (i) in the case of land which is irrigated by perennial canal, sixty rupees per acre;
 - (ii) in the case of land which is irrigated by non-perennial canal or by well, fifty rupees per acre; and
 - (iii) in the case of land which is Barani, Sailab, Bhud, Thur, Sem, Banjar or of like nature, thirty rupees per acre; and
- (b) where the subject matter is house, garden, or land situated within municipal limits or Abadi Deh whether under cultivation or not, according to its market value; ",

[Vide Haryana Act 22 of 1974, s. 2]

8. Fee on memorandum of appeal against order relating to compensation.—The amount of fee payable under this Act on a memorandum of appeal against an order relating to compensation under any Act for the time being in force for the ¹acquisition of land for public

^{1.} See now the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894).

purposes, shall be computed according to the difference between the amount awarded and the amount claimed by the appellant.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Insertion of new section 8A in Act (7 of 1870).--After section 8 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

"8A. Statement of particulars of subject-matters of suits and plaintiff's valuation thereof.—In every suit in which an *ad valorem* court-fee is payable under this Act on the plaint, the plaintiff shall file with the plaint a statement of particulars of the subject-matter of the suit ad his own valuation thereof unless such particulars and the valuation are contained in the plaint. The statement shall be in such form and shall contain such particulars as may be prescribed by the Provincial Government by notification in the Gazette. In every such suit the plaintiff shall also, if the Court so directs, file a duplicate copy of the plaint and of the said statement".

[*Vide* Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 11]

Haryana

Amendment of section 8 of central Act 7 of 1870.—To section 8 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, (hereinafter called the principal Act), the following proviso, shall be added, namely:--

"Provided that the fixed court fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable on the memorandum of a appeal or cross objections before the High Court arising under the Land Acquisition Act, 1984 or any other law for the time being in force for acquisition of land for public purposes."

[Vide Haryana Act 3 of 1990, s. 2]

- **9. Power to ascertain nett profits or market-value.**—If the Court sees reason to think that the annual nett profits or the market-value of any such land, house or garden as is mentioned in section 7, paragraphs (v) and (vi), have or has been wrongly estimated, the Court may, for the purpose of computing the fee payable in any suit therein mentioned, issue a commission to any proper person directing him to make such local or other investigation as may be necessary, and to report thereon to the Court.
- 10. Procedure where net profits or market-value wrongly estimated.—(i) If in the result of any such investigation the Court finds that the net profits or market-value have or has been wrongly estimated, the Court, if the estimation has been excessive, may in its discretion refund the excess paid as such fee: but, if the estimation has been insufficient, the Court shall require the plaintiff to pay so much additional fee as would have been payable had the said market-value or nett profits been rightly estimated.
- (ii) In such case the suit shall be stayed until the additional fee is paid. If the additional fee is not paid within such time as the Court shall fix, the suit shall be dismissed.

11. Procedure in suits for *mesne* profits or account when amount decreed exceeds amount claimed.—In suits for *mesne* profits or for immovable property and *mesne* profits, or for an account, if the profits or amount decreed are or is in excess of the profits claimed or the amount at which the plaintiff valued the relief sought, the decree shall not be executed until the difference between the fee actually paid and the fee which would have been payable had the suit comprised the whole of the profits or amount so decreed shall have been paid to the proper officer.

Where the amount of *mesne* profits is left to be ascertained in the course of the execution of the decree, if the profits so ascertained exceed the profits claimed, the further execution of the decree shall be stayed until the difference between the fee actually paid and the fee which would have been payable had

12

^{1.} Clause (iii) rep. by Act 12 of 1891, s. 3 and the First Schedule.

the suit comprised the whole of the profits so ascertained is paid. If the additional fee is not paid within such time as the Court shall fix, the suit shall be dismissed.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 11 of Act (7 of 1870).—For the second paragraph of section 11 of the principal Act the following paragraphs shall be substituted:—

"Where a decree directs an enquiry as to mesne-profits which have accrued on the property during a period prior to the institution of the suit, if the profits ascertained on such inquiry exceed the profits claimed, no final decree shall be passed till the difference between the fee actually paid and the fee which would have been payable had the suit comprised the whole of the profits so ascertained is paid. If the additional fee is not paid within such time as the Court shall fix, the claim for the excess shall be dismissed, unless the Court, for sufficient cause, extends the time for payment.

Where a decree directs an inquiry as to mesno-profits from the institution of the suit and a final decree is passed in accordance with the result of such inquiry, the decree shall not be executed until such fee is paid would have been payable on the amount claimed in execution if a separate suit had been instituted therefor."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 12]

- 12. Decision of questions as to valuation.—(i) Every question relating to valuation for the purpose of determining the amount of any fee chargeable under this Chapter on a plaint or memorandum of appeal, shall be decided by the Court in which such plaint or memorandum, as the case may be, is filed, and such decision shall be final as between the parties to the suit.
- (ii) But whenever any such suit comes before a Court of appeal, reference or revision, if such Court considers that the said question has been wrongly decided to the detriment of the revenue, it shall require the party by whom such fee has been paid to pay so much additional fee as would have been payable had the question been rightly decided, and the provisions of section 10, paragraph (ii), shall apply.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 12 of Act (7 of 1870).--(1) In section 12 of the principal Act, for paragraph ii, the following paragraph shall be substituted:—

- "ii. But whenever any such suit comes before a Court of appeal, reference or revision, if such Court considers that the said question has been wrongly decided, it shall—
 - (a) in any case in which the decision is to the detriment of revenue, require the party by whom such fee has been paid, to pay so much additional fee as would have been payable had the question been rightly decided and thereafter—
 - (i) if the party required to pay is the appellant or petitioner, the appeal or petition shall be stayed until the additional fee is paid. If the additional fee is not paid within such time as the Court shall fix, the appeal or petition shall be dismissed;
 - (ii) if the party required to pay it's the respondent or the opposite party, the Court shall fix a date before which such party shall pay the amount of court fee due from him and, if such party fails to pay the fee required before the date fixed by the Court, the Court shall recover the amount of such fee from him as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Where the Court considers that the amount of such fee should be paid to the respondent or the opposite party by the appellant or the petitioner, as the case may be , the Court may provide for such payment in the order as to costs in the said appeal or petition; and
- (b) in any case in which the decision is that any excess fee has been levied, direct the refund of so much excess fee to the party who paid it as would not have been payable had the question been rightly decided.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section a question relating to the classification of any suit in regard to section 7 shall not be deemed to be a question relating to valuation."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 13]

13. Refund of fee paid on memorandum of appeal.—If an appeal or plaint, which has been rejected by the lower Court on any of the grounds mentioned in the ¹Code of Civil Procedure, is ordered to be received, or if a suit is remanded in appeal, on any of the grounds mentioned in ²section 351 of the same Code, for a second decision by the lower Court, the Appellate Court shall grant to the appellant a certificate, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of fee paid on the memorandum of appeal:

Provided that if, in the case of a remand in appeal, the order of remand shall not cover the whole of the subject-matter of the suit, the certificate so granted shall not authorize the appellant to receive back more than so much fee as would have been originally payable on the part or parts of such subject-matter in respect whereof the suit has been remanded.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 13.—In the Court-fees Act, 1870 (7 of 1870),—

- (a) For the marginal heading to section 13, the following marginal heading shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "Refund of fee paid on memorandum of appeal and in cases where compromise or settlement has been arrived at by a Lok Adalat.";
 - (b) Section 13 shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) thereof and —
 - (i) In sub-section (1) as so renumbered, for the words and figures "the Code of Civil Procedure" and "section 351 of the same Code", the words and figures "the Code Civil Procedure, 1908" and "rule 23 of Order XLI of the First Schedule to the said Code" shall respectively be substituted; and
 - (ii) After sub-section (1) as so renumbered, the following new sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(2) Where a compromise or settlement has been arrived at, by a Lok Adalat in a case referred to it under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987 (39 of 1987), the Court by which the case was so referred to the Lok Adalat shall grant a certificate to the party or every party to the case who paid any court-fee in that case, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of the fee so paid."

[Vide Orissa Act 7 of 2002, s. 2]

Tripura

Amendment of Section 13.—In section 13 of the principal Act, the expression "the Appellate Court shall grant to the appellant a certificate, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of fee paid on the memorandum of appeal", shall be substituted with the expression "the Appellate Court shall grant to the appellant a certificate, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector or by way of electronic transfer in such manner as may be prescribed, the full amount of fee paid on the memorandum of appeal".

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 2]

^{1.} See now the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act 5 of 1908).

^{2.} This reference should now be read as applying to the corresponding provision of Act 5 of 1908, *i.e.*, Order XLI, rule 23 of the First Schedule.

14. Refund of fee on application for review of judgment.—Where an ¹application for a review of judgment is presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of the decree, the Court, unless the delay was caused by the applicant's laches, may, in its discretion, grant him a certificate authorizing him to receive back from the Collector so much of the fee paid on the application as exceeds the fee which would have been payable had it been presented before ²such day.

Tripura

Amendment of Section 14.—In Section 14 of the principal Act, the expression "grant him a certificate authorizing him to receive back from the Collector so much of the fee paid on the application as exceeds the fee which would have been payable had it been presented before such day", shall be substituted with the expression "grant him a certificate authorizing him to receive back from the Collector or by way of electronic transfer in such manner as may be prescribed, so much of the fee paid on the application as exceeds the fee which would have been payable had it been presented before such day."

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 3]

15. Refund where Court reverses or modifies its former decision on ground of mistake.—Where an application for a review of judgment is admitted, and where, on the rehearing, the Court reverses or modifies its former decision on the ground of mistake in law or fact, the applicant shall be entitled to a certificate from the Court authorising him to receive back from the Collector so much of the fee paid on the 3 [application] as exceeds the fee payable on any other application to such Court under the second schedule to this Act, No. 1, clause (b) or clause (d).

But nothing in the former part of this section shall entitle the applicant to such certificate where the reversal or modification is due, wholly or in part, to fresh evidence which might have been produced at the original hearing.

Tripura

Amendment of Section 15.—In section 15 of the principal Act, the expression "the applicant shall be entitled to a certificate from the court authorizing him to receive back from the Collector so much of the fee paid on the application as exceeds the fee payable on any other application to such Court under the second schedule to this Act", shall be substituted with the expression "the applicant shall be entitled to a certificate from the court authorizing him to receive back from the Collector or by way of electronic transfer in such manner as may be prescribed, so much of the fee paid on the application as exceeds the fee payable on any other application to such court under the second schedule to this Act."

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 4]

⁴[16. Refund of fee.—Where the court refers the parties to the suit to any one of the mode of settlement of dispute referred to in section 89 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), the plaintiff shall be entitled to a certificate from the court authorizing him to receive back from the collector, the full amount of the fee paid in respect of such plaint.]

Tripura

Amendment of Section 16.—In Section 16 of the principal Act, the expression "the plaintiff shall be entitled to a certificate from the Court authorizing him to receive back from the Collector, the full amount of the fee paid in respect of such plaint", shall be substituted with the expression "the plaintiff shall be entitled to a certificate from the Court authorizing him to receive back from the Collector or by way electronic transfer in such manner as may be prescribed, the full amount of the fee paid in respect of such plaint."

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 5]

^{1.} As to application for review of judgment, *see* the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act 5 of 1908), s. 114 and Order XLVII of the First Schedule.

^{2.} See I Schedule, Nos. 4 and 5, infra.

^{3.} Subs. by Act 20 of 1870, s. 1, for "plaint or memorandum of appeal".

^{4.} Ins. by Act 46 of 1999, s. 34 (w.e.f. 1-7-2002).

17. Multifarious suits.—Where a suit embraces two or more distinct subjects, the plaint or memorandum of appeal shall be chargeable with the aggregate amount of the fees to which the plaints or memoranda of appeal in suits embracing separately each of such subjects would be liable under this Act.

Nothing in the former part of this section shall be deemed to affect the power conferred by the ¹Code of Civil Procedure, section 9.

18.Written examinations of complainants.—When the first or only examination of a person who complains of the offence of wrongful confinement, or of wrongful restraint, or of any offence other than an offence for which police-officers may arrest without a warrant, and who has not already presented a petition on which a fee has been levied under this Act, is reduced to writing under the provisions of the ²Code of Criminal Procedure, the complainant shall pay a fee of eight annas, unless the Court thinks fit to remit such payment.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 18 of Act (7 of 1870).—In section 18 of the principal Act, for the words "eight annas" the words "one rupee" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 14]

Insertion of a new section 18-A Act (7 of 11870).—After section 18 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, as in force in the State of Orissa the following new section shall be inserted, namely:—

- "18-A. Exemption to women.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act no plaint in respect of a suit filed by a women, whose annual income does not exceed three thousand rupees, for maintenance or for enhancement of maintenance or for recovery of share in the estate of her deceased husband or parent in the family property and no petitions filed by any such women for divorce on ground of cruelty or other misconduct on the part of her husband shall be chargeable with court fees.
- (2) The Court in which such plaint or petition is filed shall have power to make such inquiry as it deems fit for assessing the income of the plaintiff or the petitioner, as the case may be.".

[*Vide* Orissa Act 55 of 1975, s. 2]

- **19. Exemption of certain documents.**—Nothing contained in this Act shall render the following documents chargeable with any fee:—
 - (i) Power-of-attorney to institute or defend a suit when executed ³[by a member of any of the Armed Forces of the Union] not in civil employment.

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- (iii) Written statements called for by the Court after the first hearing of a suit.
- (v) Plaints in suits tried by ⁶village Munsifs in the Presidency of Fort St. George.
- (vi) Plaints and processes in suits before District Panchayats in the same residency.
- (vii) Plaints in suits before Collectors under Madras Regulation 12 of 1816.
- (*viii*) Probate of a will, letters of administration, ⁷[and, save as regards debts and securities a certificate under Bombay Regulation 8 of 1827], where the amount or value of the property in respect of which the probate or letters or certificate shall be granted does not exceed one thousand rupees.
- (ix) Application or petition to a Collector or other officer making a settlement of land-revenue, or to a Board of Revenue, or a Commissioner of Revenue, relating to matters connected with the

^{1.} See now the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act 5 of 1908).

^{2.} This reference should now be read as referring to the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act 5 of 1898)—see s. 3 of that Act.

^{3.} Subs. by the A.O. 1950, for "by an officer, warrant-officer, non-commissioned officer or private of Her Majesty's army".

⁴ Clause (ii) rep. by Act 12 of 1891, s. 3 and the First Schedule.

^{5.} Clause (iv) rep. by Act 13 of 1889, s. 2 and the Schedule.

^{6.} See the Madras Village Courts Act, 1889 (Mad. 1 of 1889).

^{7.} Subs. by Act 7 of 1889, s. 13, for "and certificate mentioned in the first schedule to this Act annexed, No. 12".

assessment of land or the ascertainment of rights thereto or interests therein, if presented previous to the final confirmation of such settlement.

- (x) Application relating to a supply for irrigation of water belonging to Government.
- (xi) Application for leave to extend cultivation, or to relinquish land, when presented to an officer of land-revenue by a person holding, under direct engagement with Government, land of which the revenue is settled, but not permanently.
 - (xii) Application for service of notice of relinquishment of land or of enhancement of rent.
 - (xiii) Written authority to an agent to distrain.
- (xiv) First application (other than a petition containing a criminal charge or information) for the summons of a witness or other person to attend either to give evidence or to produce a document or in respect of the production or filing of an exhibit not being an affidavit made for the immediate purpose of being produced in Court.
- (xv) Bail-bonds in criminal cases, recognizances to prosecute or give evidence, and recognizances for personal appearance or otherwise.
- (xvi) Petition, application, charge or information respecting any offence when presented, made or laid to or before a police-officer, or to or before the ¹Heads of Villages or the ²Village Police in the territories respectively subject to the Governors in Council of Madras and Bombay.
- (xvii) Petition by a prisoner, or other person in duress or under restraint of any Court or its officers.
- (xviii) Complaint of a public servant [as defined in the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860)], a municipal officer, or an officer or servant of a Railway Company.
- (xix) Application for permission to cut timber in Government forests, or otherwise relating to such forests.
 - (xx) Application for the payment of money due by Government to the applicant.
- (xxi) Petition of appeal against the chaukidari assessment under ³Act No. 20 of 1856, or against any municipal tax.
- (*xxii*) Applications for compensation under any law for the time being in force relating to the ⁴acquisition of property for public purposes.
- (xxiii) Petitions presented to the Special Commissioner appointed under ⁵Bengal Act No. 2 of 1869 (to ascertain, regulate and record certain tenures in Chota Nagpur.).
- [6(xxiv) (Petitions under the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (15 of 1872), sections 45 and 48.]

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

In section 19 of the Court-Fees Act, 1870 (7 of 1870) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act) in clause (viii) for the words" one thousand rupees" the words "two thousand rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 11 of 1967, s. 3]

^{1.} See Madras Regulations 11 of 1816 and 4 of 1821, s. 6.

^{2.} See Bombay Village Police Act, 1867 (Bom. 8 of 1867), ss. 14, 15 and 16.

^{3.} The Bengal Chaukidari Act, 1856.

^{4.} See now the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894).

^{5.} The Chota Nagpur Tenures Act, 1869.

^{6.} Subs. by Act 15 of 1872, s. 2, for clause (xxiv) which read as follows:---

[&]quot;Petitions under the 14th and 15th of Victoria, Ch. 40 (an Act for marriages in India), s. 5, or under Act No. 5 of 1852, s. 9".

¹[CHAPTER IIIA

PROBATES, LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION AND CERTIFICATES OF ADMINISTRATION

19A. Relief where too high a court-fee has been paid.—Where any person on applying for the probate of a will or letters of administration has estimated the property of the deceased to be of greater value than the same has afterwards proved to be, and has consequently paid too high a court-fee thereon, if, within six months after the true value of the property has been ascertained, such person produces the probate or letters to the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority ²[for the local area] in which the probate or letters has or have been granted,

and delivers to such Authority a particular inventory and valuation of the property of the deceased, verified by affidavit or affirmation,

and if such Authority is satisfied that a greater fee was paid on the probate or letters than the law required,

the said Authority may—

- (a) cancel the stamp on the probate or letters if such stamp has not been already cancelled;
- (b) substitute another stamp for denoting the court-fee which should have been paid thereon; and
- (c) make an allowance for the difference between them as in the case of spoiled stamps, or repay the same in money, at his discretion.

19B. Relief where debts due from a deceased person have been paid out of his estate.—Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of such Authority that an executor or administrator has paid debts due from the deceased to such an amount as, being deducted out of the amount or value of the estate, reduces the same to a sum which, if it had been the whole gross amount or value of the estate, would have occasioned a less court-fee to be paid on the probate or letters of administration granted in respect of such estate than has been actually paid thereon under this Act,

such Authority may return the difference, provided the same be claimed within three years after the date of such probate or letters.

But when by reason of any legal proceeding, the debts due from the deceased have not been ascertained and paid, or his effects have not been recovered and made available, and in consequence thereof the executor or administrator is prevented from claiming the return of such difference within the said term of three years, the said Authority may allow such further time for making the claim as may appear to be reasonable under the circumstances.

19C. Relief in case of several grants.—Whenever ³*** a grant of probate or letters of administration has been or is made in respect of the whole of the property belonging to an estate, and the full fee chargeable under this Act has been or is paid thereon, no fee shall be chargeable under the same Act when a like grant is made in respect of the whole or any part of the same property belonging to the same estate.

Whenever such a grant has been or is made in respect of any property forming part of an estate, the amount of fees then actually paid under this Act shall be deducted when a like grant is made in respect of property belonging to the same estate, identical with or including the property to which the former grant relates.

19D. Probates declared valid as to trust-property though not covered by court-fee.—The probate of the will or the letters of administration of the effects of any person deceased heretofore or hereafter granted shall be deemed valid and available by his executors or administrators for recovering, transferring or assigning, any movable or immovable property whereof or whereto the deceased was possessed or entitled, either wholly or partially as a trustee, notwithstanding the amount

^{1.} Ins. by Act 13 of 1875, s. 6.

^{2.} Subs. by Act 10 of 1901, s. 3(1), for "of the Province".

^{3.} The word "such" rep. by Act 12 of 1891.

or value of such property is not included in the amount or value of the estate in respect of which a court-fee was paid on such probate or letters of administration.

19E. Provision for case where too low a court-fee has been paid on probates, etc.—Where any person on applying for probate or letters of administration has estimated the estate of the deceased to be of less value than the same has afterwards proved to be, and has in consequence paid too low a court-fee thereon, the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority ¹[for the local area] in which the probate or letters has or have been granted may, on the value of the estate of the deceased being verified by affidavit or affirmation, cause the probate or letters of administration to be duly stamped on payment of the full court-fee which ought to have been originally paid thereon in respect of such value and of the further penalty, if the probate or letters is or are produced within one year from the date of grant, of five times, or, if it or they is or are produced after one year from such date, of twenty times, such proper court-fee, without any deduction of the court-fee originally paid on such probate or letters:

Provided that, if the application be made within six months after the ascertainment of the true value of the estate and the discovery that too low a court-fee was at first paid on the probate or letters, and if the said Authority is satisfied that such fee was paid in consequence of a mistake or of its not being known at the time that some particular part of the estate belonged to the deceased, and without any intention of fraud or to delay the payment of the proper court-fee, the said Authority may remit the said penalty, and cause the probate or letters to be duly stamped on payment only of the sum wanting to make up the fee which should have been at first paid thereon.

19F. Administrator to give proper security before letters stamped under section 19E.—In case of letters of administration on which too low a court-fee has been paid at first, the said Authority shall not cause the same to be duly stamped in manner aforesaid until the administrator has given such security to the Court by which the letters of administration have been granted as ought by law to have been given on the granting thereof in case the full value of the estate of the deceased had been then ascertained.

²[19G. Executors, etc., not paying full court-fee on probates, etc., within six months after discovery of under-payment.—Where too low a court-fee has been paid on any probate or letters of administration in consequence of any mistake, or of its not being known at the time that some particular part of the estate belonged to the deceased, if any executor or administrator acting under such probate or letters does not, within six months ³*** after the discovery of the mistake or of any effects not known at the time to have belonged to the deceased, apply to the said Authority and pay what is wanting to make up the court-fee which ought to have been paid at first on such probate or letters, he shall forfeit the sum of one thousand rupees and also a further sum at the rate of ten percent. on the amount of the sum wanting to make up the proper court-fee.]

⁴ [19H. Notice of applications for probate or letters of administration to be given to Revenue-authorities, and procedure thereon.—(1) Where an application for probate or letters of administration is made to any Court other than a High Court, the Court shall cause notice of the application to be given to the Collector.

- (2) Where such an application as aforesaid is made to a High Court, the High Court shall cause notice of the application to be given to the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority ⁵[for the local area in which the High Court is situated].
- (3) The Collector within the local limits of whose revenue-jurisdiction the property of the deceased or any part thereof is, may at any time inspect or cause to be inspected, and take or cause to be taken copies of, the record of any case in which application for probate or letters of administration has been made; and if, on such inspection or otherwise, he is of opinion that the petitioner has under-estimated the value of the property of the deceased, the Collector may, if he thinks fit, require the attendance of the

^{1.} Subs. by Act 10 of 1901, s. 3(1), for "of the Province".

^{2.} As to recovery of penalties or forfeitures under s. 19G, see s. 19J, infra.

^{3.} The words and figures "after the first day of April, 1875, or "rep. by Act 12 of 1891".

^{4.} Ins. by Act 11 of 1899, s. 2.

^{5.} Subs. by Act 10 of 1901, s. 3(2), for "of the Province".

petitioner (either in person or by agent) and take evidence and inquire into the matter in such manner as he may think fit, and, if he is still of opinion that the value of the property has been under-estimated, may require the petitioner to amend the valuation.

(4) If the petitioner does not amend the valuation to the satisfaction of the Collector, the Collector may move the Court before which the application for probate or letters of administration was made, to hold an inquiry into the true value of the property:

Provided that no such motion shall be made after the expiration of six months from the date of the exhibition of the inventory required by section 277 of the ¹Indian Succession Act, 1865 (10 of 1865), or as the case may be, by section 98 of the ¹Probate and Administration Act, 1881 (5 of 1881).

- (5) The Court, when so moved as aforesaid, shall hold, or cause to be held, an inquiry accordingly, and shall record a finding as to the true value, as near as may be, at which the property of the deceased should have been estimated. The Collector shall be deemed to be a party to the inquiry.
- (6) For the purposes of any such inquiry, the Court or person authorised by the Court to hold the inquiry may examine the petitioner for probate or letters of administration on oath (whether in person or by commission), and may take such further evidence as may be produced to prove the true value of the property. The person authorised as aforesaid to hold the inquiry shall return to the Court the evidence taken by him and report the result of the inquiry, and such report and the evidence so taken shall be evidence in the proceeding, and the Court may record a finding in accordance with the report, unless it is satisfied that it is erroneous.
- (7) The finding of the Court recorded under sub-section (5) shall be final, but shall not bar the entertainment and disposal by the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority of any application under section 19E.
- (8) The State Government may make rules for the guidance of Collectors in the exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3).]
- ²[19I. Payment of court-fees in respect of probates and letters of administration.—(1) No order entitling the petitioner to the grant of probate or letters of administration shall be made upon an application for such grant until the petitioner has filed in the Court a valuation of the property in the form set forth in the third schedule, and the Court is satisfied that the fee mentioned in No. 11 of the first schedule has been paid on such valuation.
- (2) The grant of probate or letters of administration shall not be delayed by reason of any motion made by the Collector under section 19H, sub-section (4).]
- ²[19J. Recovery of penalties, etc.— (1) Any excess fee found to be payable on any inquiry held under section 19H, sub-section (6), and any penalty or forfeiture under section 19G, may, on the certificate of the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority, be recovered from the executor or administrator as if it were an arrear of land-revenue by any Collector ^{3***}.
- (2) The Chief Controlling Revenue-authority may remit the whole or any part of any such penalty or forfeiture as aforesaid, or any part of any penalty under section 19E or of any court-fee under section 19E in excess of the full court-fee which ought to have been paid.]
- ²[19K. Sections 6 and 28 not to apply to probates or letters of administration.—Nothing in section 6 or section 28 shall apply to probates or letters of administration.]]

CHAPTER IV

PROCESS-FEES

- **20. Rules as to cost of processes.**—The High Court shall, as soon as may be, make rules as to the following matters:—
- (i) The fees chargeable for serving and executing processes issued by such court in its appellate jurisdiction, and by the other Civil and Revenue Courts established within the local limits of such jurisdiction;

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^{1.} See now the Indian Succession Act, 1925 (39 of 1925).

^{2.} Ins. by Act 11 of 1899, s 2.

^{3.} The words "in any part of British India" rep by the A.O. 1948.

- (ii) the fees chargeable for serving and executing processes issued by the Criminal Courts established within such limits in the case of offences other than offences for which police-officers may arrest without a warrant; and
- (iii) the remuneration of the peons and all other persons employed by leave of a Court in the service or execution of processes.

The High Court may from time to time alter and add to the rules so made.

Confirmation and publication of rules.—All such rules, alterations and additions shall, after being confirmed by the State Government ¹***, be published in the Official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

Until such rules shall be so made and published, the fees now leviable for serving and executing processes shall continue to be levied, and shall be deemed to be fees leviable under this Act.

- 21. Tables of process fees.—A table in the English and Vernacular languages, showing the fees chargeable for such service and execution, shall be exposed to view in a conspicuous part of each Court.
- **22. Number of peons in district and subordinate Courts.**—Subject to rules to be made by the High Court and approved by the State Government ²***,

every District Judge and every Magistrate of a district shall fix, and may from time to time alter, the number of peons necessary to be employed for the service and execution of processes issued out of his Court and each of the Courts subordinate thereto,

Number of peons in Mufassal Small Cause Courts.—and for the purposes of this section, every Court of Small Causes established under Act No. 11 of 1865 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the High Courts of Judicature)³ shall be deemed to be subordinate to the Court of the District Judge.

- 23. Number of peons in Revenue Courts.—Subject to rules to be framed by the Chief Controlling Revenue-authority and approved by the State Government ²***, every officer performing the functions of a Collector of a district shall fix, and may from time to time alter, the number of peons necessary to be employed for the service and execution of processes issued out of his Court or the courts subordinate to him.
- **24.** [Process served under this Chapter to be held to be process within meaning of Code of Civil Procedure.] Rep. by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1891 (12 of 1891),

STATE AMENDMENT

Uttar Pradesh

Substitution of section 24-A.—For section 24-A for the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

- "24-A. Control of Court fee and Stamp Commissioner.—(1) The levy of fees under this Act shall be under the general control and superintendence of the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority, who may be assisted in the supervision thereof by the Commissioner of Stamps and by as many Additional many Additional Commissioners of the Stamps, Deputy Commissioners of Stamps and Assistant Commissioners of Stamps as the State Government may appoint in the behalf or by any other subordinate agency appointed for the purpose.
- (2) The Officers and the agency referred to in sub-section (1) shall have access to all records, and shall be furnished with all such information as may be required by them for the performance of their duties under this Act." [Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 6 of 1980, s. 5]

^{1.} The words "and sanctioned by the Governor General of India in Council" rep. by Act 38 of 1920, s. 2 and the First

^{2.} The words "and the Governor General of India in Council" Rep. by Act 38 of 1920, s. 2 and the First Schedule.

^{3.} The reference to Act 11 of 1865 should now be read as referring to the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 (9 of 1887); see s. 2(3) of that Act.

CHAPTER V

OF THE MODE OF LEVYING FEES

25. Collection of fees by stamps.—All fees referred to in section 3 or chargeable under this Act shall be collected by stamps.

STATE AMENDMENT

Meghalaya

Amendment section 25 of Central Act 7 of 1870.—In the Court Fees act, 1870 after section 25 the following new section shall be inserted as section 25A, namely:--

- "25A. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 25 where,
- (a) (i) the State Government, in relation to any area in the State, or
- (ii) The Deputy Commissioner, in relation to any area in the district under his charge, is satisfied that on account of temporary shortage of stamps in any area, fees cannot be paid, and payment of fees cannot be indicated on documents by means of stamps, the State Government, or as the case may be, the Deputy Commissioner, may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that, in such area and for such period as may be specified in such notification, the fees may be paid in cash in any Treasury or Sub-Treasury and shall, on production of a challan evidencing payment of fees in the Government treasury, certify by endorsement on the document in respect of which the fees is paid, that the fees have been paid, and state in the said endorsement the amount of the fees so paid.
- (b) An endorsement made on any document under clause (a) shall have the same effect as if the fees of an amount equal to the amount stated in the endorsement had been paid in respect of, and such payment has been indicated on, such documents by means of stamps under section 25.

[Vide Meghalaya Act 2 of 1972, s. 2]

Tripura

Amendment of Section 25.— In Section 25 of the principal Act, the expression "stamps", shall be substituted with the expression "stamps or electronic transfer of payment to State Government in such manner as may be prescribed."

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 6]

26. Stamps to be impressed or adhesive.—The stamps used to denote any fees chargeable under this Act shall be impressed or adhesive, or pertly impressed and partly adhesive, as the ¹[appropriate Government] may, by notification in the Official Gazette, from time to time direct².

STATE AMENDMENT

Jammu and Kashmir (UT).—

Section 26 shall be numbered as sub-section (1) thereof, and after sub-section (1) so renumbered, insert the following sub-section, namely:—

(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), and section 25, "stamp" means any mark, seal or endorsement by any agency or person duly authorised by the Appropriate Government, and includes an adhesive or impressed stamp, for the purposes of court fee chargeable under this Act.

Explanation:—"impressed stamp" includes impression by a franking machine or another machine, or a unique number generated by e-stamping or similar software, as the Appropriate Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify".

[*Vide* the Jammu and Kashmir Reorganization (Adaptation of Central Laws) Order, 2020, notification No. S.O. 1123(E) dated (18-3-2020).]

^{1.} Subs. by the A.O. 1937, for "L. G.".

^{2.} For rules as to levy of court-fees by adhesive and impressed stamps, see Gazette of India, 1883, Pt. I, p. 189.

Union Territory of Ladakh

Section 26.—Numbered as sub-section (1) thereof, and after sub-section (1) as so numbered, insert-

'(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), and section 25, "stamp" means any mark, seal or endorsement by any agency or person duly authorised by the Appropriate Government, and includes an adhesive or impressed stamp, for the purposes of court fee chargeable under this Act.

Explanation 7.—The expression "impressed stamp" includes impression by a franking machine or another machine, or a unique number generated by e-stamping or similar software, as the Appropriate Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify.'.

Explanation 2.—The expression "e-stamping" means stamping using unique number or code through an electronic machine or a software application'.

[*Vide* Union Territory of Ladakh Reorganisation (Adaptation of Central Laws) Order, 2020, Notification No. S.O. 3774(E), dated (23-10-2020).]

Haryana

Amendment of section 26 of Central Act 7 of 1870.—In section 26 of the Court Fees act, 1870, the following explanation shall be added, namely:--

"Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,-

- (i) "stamp" means any mark, seal or endorsement by any agency or person duly authorized by the State Government and includes and adhesive or impressed stamp chargeable for the purposes of court fee under this Act; and
- (ii) "impressed stamp" means an impression by a franking or any other machine, or e-stamping.".

[*Vide* Haryana Act 29 of 2016, s. 2]

- **27. Rules for supply, number, renewal and keeping accounts of stamps.**—The ¹[appropriate Government] may, from time to time, make rules for regulating—
 - (a) the supply of stamps to be used under this Act;
 - (b) the number of stamps to be used for denoting any fee chargeable under this Act;
 - (c) the renewal of damaged or spoiled stamps; and
 - (d) the keeping accounts of all stamps used under this Act:

Provided that, in the case of stamps used under section 3 in a High Court, such rules shall be made with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of such Court.

All such rules shall be published in the Official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

Tripura

Amendment of Section 27.— Clause (a) of Section 27 of the principal Act, shall be substituted with the following-

"(a) the manner of supply of stamps or electronic transfer of payment of court-fee and refund thereof;"

[Vide Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 7]

28. Stamping documents inadvertently received.—No document which ought to bear a stamp under this Act shall be of any validity, unless and until it is properly stamped.

But, if any such document is through mistake or inadvertence received, filed or used in any Court or office without being properly stamped, the presiding Judge or the head of the office, as the case may be,

^{1.} Subs. by the A.O. 1937 for "L.G.".

or, in the case of a High Court, any Judge of such Court, may, if he thinks fit, order that such document be stamped as he may direct; and, on such document being stamped accordingly, the same and every proceeding relative thereto shall be as valid as if it had been properly stamped in the first instance.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Insertion a new section 28-A, Act (**7 of 1870**).—After section 28 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 the following new section shall be inserted, namely:—

- "28-A. Recovery Deficient or unpaid court fees.—(1) If, on examination of the records of a Civil, Criminal or Revenue case which has been disposed of, a public officer finds that the fee payable under the Act or the rules made thereunder on any document filed, exhibited or recorded therein has not been paid or has been insufficiently paid, he shall report the fact to the presiding officer of the Court or to the revenue officer concerned.
- (2) Such presiding officer or revenue officer, after satisfying himself of the correctness of such report, shall record a provisional finding that the proper fee has not been paid and determine the amount of fee payable and the person from whom the fee or the difference thereof, if any, shall be recoverable.
- (3) After recording a finding under sub-section (2), the presiding officer or revenue officer shall issue a notice to the person referred to in that sub-section to show cause why he should not be ordered to pay the fee determined thereunder, and , if sufficient cause is not shown, the presiding officer or revenue officer shall confirm the finding and make an order requiring such person to pay the proper fee before a date to be specified in that notice.
- (4) If such person fails to pay the fee in accordance with the notice issued under sub-section (3), it shall on the certificate of such presiding officer or revenue officer, be recoverable as an arrear of land revenue."

[Vide Orissa Act 13 of 1957, s. 2]

- **29. Amended document.**—Where any such document is amended in order merely to correct a mistake and to make it conform to the original intention of the parties, it shall not be necessary to impose a fresh stamp.
- **30.** Cancellation of stamp.—No document requiring a stamp under this Act shall be filed or acted upon in any proceeding in any Court or office until the stamp has been cancelled.

Such officer as the Court or the head of the office may from time to time appoint shall, on receiving any such document, forthwith effect such cancellation by punching out the figure-head so as to leave the amount designated on the stamp untouched, and the part removed by punching shall be burnt or otherwise destroyed.

Tripura

Amendment of Section 30.—In Section 30 of the principal Act, after the existing text, the following proviso shall be added-

"Provided that, where court-fee is paid by electronic transfer of payment, the officer competent to cancel stamp shall verify the genuineness of the payment and after satisfying himself that the court-fee is paid, shall lock the entry in the computer and make an endorsement under his signature on the document that the court-fee is paid and the entry is locked".

[*Vide* Tripura Act 17 of 2020, s. 8]

Bihar

Insertion of new Chapter V-A in Act VII of 1870.—After Chapter V of the Court-fees Act, 1870 (Act VII of 1870) (hereinafter referred to the said Act) the following Chapter and Section shall be inserted, namely:-

"Chapter V-A.-Levy of Additional Surcharge.

30-A. The fees leviable under the Act, shall be increased in each case by an additional surcharge at the rate of ten per centum of the amount of the Court Fees."

CHAPTER VI

MISCELLANEOUS

- **31.** [Repayment of fees paid on applications to Criminal Courts.] Rep. by the Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1923 (18 of 1923), s. 163.
- **32.** [Amendment of Act 8 of 1859 and Act 9 of 1869.] Rep. by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1891 (12 of 1891).
- 33. Admission in criminal cases of documents for which proper fee has not been paid.—Whenever the filing or exhibition in a Criminal Court of a document in respect of which the proper fee has not been paid is, in the opinion of the presiding Judge, necessary to prevent a failure of justice, nothing contained in section 4 or section 6 shall be deemed to prohibit such filing or exhibition.
- ¹[34. Sale of stamps.—(1) The ²[appropriate Government] may from time to time make rules for regulating the sale of stamps to be used under this Act, the persons by whom alone such sale is to be conducted, and the duties and remuneration of such persons.
- (2) All such rules shall be published in the Official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.
- (3) Any person appointed to sell stamps who disobeys any rule made under this section, and any person not so appointed who sells or offers for sale any stamp, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.]
- **35. Power to reduce or remit fees.**—The ²[appropriate Government] may, from time to time by notification in the Official Gazette, reduce or remit, in the whole or in any part of ³[the territories under its administration], all or any of the fees mentioned in the first and second schedules to this Act annexed, and may in like manner cancel or vary such order.

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of section 35 of Act (7 of 1870).—For section 35 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted:—

- **"35. Power to suspend, reduce or remit fees.**—(1) The Provincial Government may from time to time subject to such conditions or restrictions as it may think fit to impose, by notification in the Gazette suspend the payment of or reduce or remit, in the whole of Orissa or in any part thereof, all or any of the fees mentioned in Schedules I and II to this Act annexed and may in like manner cancel or vary such order.
- (3) The Provincial Government may from time to time by rules prescribe the manner in which any fee the payment of which is suspended under sub-section (1) may be realized and for this purpose direct that such fee may be recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 15]

Haryana

Substitution of section 35 of Central Act 7 of 1870.— For section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"35. Power to remit or reduce fees.—The State Government may, subject to such conditions or restrictions as it may think fit to impose, by notification in the Official Gazette, reduce or remit in relation to all or any class of persons, in the whole or any part of the territories under its administration, all or any of the fees mentioned in the first and second schedules annexed to this Act and may in like manner cancel or vary such order."

^{1.} Subs. by Act 12 of 1891, for section 34.

^{2.} Subs. by the A.O.1937, for "L. G.".

^{3.} Subs. by Act 38 of 1920, s. 2 and the First Schedule, for "British India".

[Vide Haryana Act 27 of 1976, s. 2]

Bihar

Substitution of new Section for Section 35 of Act VII of 1870. - For Section 35 of the said Act, the following Section shall be substituted, namely:-

"35. Power to remit or reduce Court-fees.---The State Government may, subject to such condition or restriction as it may think fit to impose, by order published in the Official Gazette, reduce or remit in relation to all or any class of persons, in the whole or any part of the State, all or any of the fees mentioned in the First and Second Schedules to this Act and may in like manner cancel or vary such order."

[Vide Bihar Act 20 of 1977, s. 3]

36. Saving of fees to certain officers of High Courts.—Nothing in Chapters II and V of this Act applies to the commission payable to the Accountant General of the High Court at Fort William, or to the fees which any officer of a High Court is allowed to receive in addition to a fixed salary.

STATE AMENDMENT

Haryana

Insertion of section 37 in Act 7 of 1870.— After section 36 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"37. Fees in High Court.—Nothing contained in Schedules I and II to this act shall apply to the High Court of Punjab and Haryana and the provisions in that behalf applicable immediately before the 1st day of November, 1966, shall continue to apply to the said High Court."

[Vide Haryana Act 22 of 1974, s. 3]

SCHEDULE I

AD VALOREM FEES

Number		Proper Fee
,	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in	Six annas.
	dispute does not exceed five rupees.	a:
	When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, for	Six annas.
	every five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees.	
	When such amount or value exceeds one hundred	Twelve annas.
	rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of	i weive aimas.
	one hundred rupees, up to one thousand rupees.	
	When such amount or value exceeds one thousand	Five rupees.
	rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in	-
	excess of one thousand rupees, up to five thousand	
	rupees.	T
	When such amount or value exceeds five thousand	Ten rupees.
	rupees, for every two hundred and fifty rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five thousand rupees, up to ten	
1. ¹ Plaint ² [written statement	thousand rupees.	
pleading a set-off or counter-	When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand	Fifteen rupees.
claim] or memorandum of appeal	rupees, for every five hundred rupees, or part thereof, in	_
(not otherwise provided for in	excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand	
this Act) ² [or of cross-objection]	rupees.	TD.
presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those	When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees, for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof, in	Twenty rupees.
mentioned in section 3.	excess of twenty thousand rupees, up to thirty thousand	
monuoned m seculon si	rupees.	
	When such amount or value exceeds thirty thousand	Twenty rupees.
	rupees, for every two thousand rupees, or part thereof, in	
	excess of thirty thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand	
	rupees. When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand	Twenty-five
	rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in	rupees.
	excess of fifty thousand rupees:	Tupe co.
	Provided that the maximum fee leviable on a plaint or	
	memorandum of appeal shall be three thousand rupees.	
2. Plaint ³ *** in a suit for)		A fee of one-half
possession under ⁴ [the Specific		the amount prescribed in the
Relief Act, 1877, section 9].		foregoing scale.
3. [Repealed by the Indian]	·	ioregoing seare.
Registration Act, 1871 (8 of		
1871)].	1	The fee leviable
4. Application for review of		on the plaint or
judgment, ⁵ if presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of	·	memorandum of
the decree.	1	appeal.
5. Application for review of		One-half of the
judgments, ⁵ if presented before the		fee leviable on
ninetieth day from the date of the		the plaint or
decree.		memorandum of
		appeal.

^{1.} To ascertain the proper fee leviable on the institution of a suit, *see* the table annexed to this Schedule.
2. Ins. by Act 5 of 1908, s. 155 and the Fourth Schedule.
3. The words "or memorandum of appeal" rep. by Act 20 of 1870.
4. Subs. by Act 12 of 1891, s. 3 and the First Schedule for "Act No. 14 of 1859 (*to provide for the limitation of* suits)".

^{5.} As to application for review of judgment, see the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act 5 of 1908).

Number		Proper Fee
6. Copy or translation of a	When such judgment or order is passed by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by the presiding officer of any Revenue Court or office, or by any other Judicial or Executive Authority—	
judgment or order not being, or having the force of, a decree.	(a) If the amount or value of the subject-matter is fifty or less than fifty rupees.	Four annas.
	(b) If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees.	Eight annas.
	When such judgment or order is passed by a High Court.	One rupee.
1	When such decree or order is made by any Civil Court other	
7. Copy of a decree or order having	than a High Court, or by any Revenue Court-	
the force of a decree.	(a) If the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made is fifty or less than fifty rupees.	Eight annas.
	(b) If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees.	One rupee.
(When such decree or order is made by a High Court.	Four rupees.
8. Copy of any document liable to stamp-duty under the Indian Stamp Act, 1879 ¹ , (1 of 1879), when left	(a) When the stamp-duty chargeable on the original does not exceed eight annas.	The amount of the duty chargeable on the original.
by any party to a suit or proceeding	(b) In any other case.	Eight annas.
in place of the original withdrawn. 9. Copy of any revenue or judicial	For every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words.	Eight annas.
proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal or Revenue Court or office, or from the office of any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division.		
10. [Rep. by the Guardians and Wards		••
Act, 1890 (8 of 1890).]	³ [When the amount or value of the property in respect of which the grant of probate or letters is made exceeds one thousand rupees, but does not exceed ten thousand rupees.	Two per centum on such amount or value.
	When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, but does not exceed fifty thousand rupees.	Two and one-half per centum on such
² [11. Probate of a will or letters of administration with or without will annexed.	When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees:	amount or value. Three per centum on such amount or
	Provided that when, after the grant of a certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889 (7 of 1889), or under the Regulation of the Bombay Code, No. 8 of 1827, in respect of any property included in an estate, a grant of probate or letters of administration is made in respect of the same estate, the fee payable in respect of the letter grant shall be reduced by the amount of the fee paid in respect of the former grant.	value.]

^{1.} See now the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 7 of 1889, s. 13(1), for article 11.

^{3.} These items were subs. by Act 7 of 1910, s. 2(i).

Number		Proper Fee
¹ [12. Certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889 (7 of 1889).	In any case.	Two per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security specified in the certificate under section 8 of the Act, and three per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 10 of the Act. NOTE.—(1) The amount of a debt is its amount, inclu-ding interest, on the day on which the inclusion of the debt in the certificate is applied for, so far as such amount can be asc-ertained. (2) Whether or not any power with respect to a security specified in a certificate has been conferred under the Act, and, where such a power has been so conferred, whether the power is for the receiving of interest or dividends on, or for the negotiation or transfer, of the security is its market-value on the day on which the inclusion of the security in the certificate is applied for, so far as such value can be ascertained.] The same fee as would
² [12A. Certificate under the Regulation of the Bombay Code No. 8 of 1827.	³ [(1) As regards debts and securities.	be payable in respect of a certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889 (7 of 1889), or in respect of an ext- ension of such a cert- ificate, as the case may be.
	(2) As regards other property in respect of which the certificate is granted—	
	When the amount or value of such property exceeds one thousand rupees, but does not exceed ten thousand rupees.	Two per centum on such amount or value.
	When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, but does not exceed fifty thousand rupees.	Two and one-half per centum on such amount or value.
	When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees.	Three per centum on such amount or value.]]

^{1.} Subs. by Act 7 of 1889, s. 13(1), for the article 12.

^{2.} Subs. by s. 13(1), *ibid.*, for article 12A.

³ These items were subs. by Act 7 of 1910, s. 2(ii).

Number		Proper Fee
¹ 13. Application to the ² [High Court of Punjab] for the exercise	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed twenty-five rupees.	Two rupees.
of its jurisdiction under section 44 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918 (Punjab 6 of 1918) or to the Court of the Financial Commissioner of Punjab for the exercise of its revisional jurisdiction under section 84 of the Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887 (16 of 1887).	When such amount or value exceeds twenty-five rupees.	The fee leviable on a memorandum of appeal.
14. [Rep. by the A.O. 1937.]		
15. [Rep. by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1923 (11 of 1923), s. 3 and Sch. II.]		

^{1.} Ins. by the Punjab Courts Act, 1884 (8 of 1884), s. 71, as amended by the Punjab Courts Act 1899 (25 of 1899), s. 6. Article 13 was rep. in the Punjab by s. 5 of the Punjab Courts (Amendment) Act, 1912 (Punjab 1 of 1912); but it has since been revived in this form by the Court-fees (Punjab Amendment) Act, 1922 (Punjab 7 of 1922).

2. Subs. by the A.O. 1948, for "High Court of Judicature at Lahore".

STATE AMENDMENT

Assam.

Amendment of Schedule 1 of Act 7 of 1870.—In Schedule I to the principal Act,—(I) for Article 1, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

Number		Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
"1. Plaint, written statement pleading a set-off or counter-claim or memorandum of appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act) or, of cross-objection presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in Section 3.	When the amount or value of the subject- matter in dispute does not exceed one hundred rupees, for every five rupees, or, part thereof of such amount or value;	fifty-five paise.
	and	
	When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees up to one hundred and fifty rupees;	One rupee and ninety-five paise.
	and	
	When such amount or values exceeds one hundred and fifty rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, up to one thousand rupees;	One rupee and forty paise.
	and	
	When such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof in excess of one thousand rupees, up to seven thousand five hundred rupees;	Eight rupees and twenty-five paise.
	and	
	When such amount or value exceeds seven thousand five hundred rupees, for every two hundred and fifty rupees, or part thereof, in excess of seven thousand five hundred rupees, up to thousand rupees;	Sixteen rupees and fifty paise.
	and	

	When such amount or value exceeds ten, thousand rupees, for every five hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand rupees;	Twenty-four rupees and seventy-five paise.
	and When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees, for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof in excess of twenty thousand rupees upto fifty thousand rupees; and	Thirty-three rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof in exceess of fifty thousand rupees: Provided that the maximum fee leviable on a plaint or memorandum of appeal shall not exceed eleven thousand rupees."	Forty-one rupees and twenty-five paise.
(2) for Articles 6, 7, 8 and 9 the	Following shall be substituted, namely: —	
"6. Copy or translation of a judgment or order not being or having the force of a decree.	When such judgment or order is passed by any Civil Court other than High Court, or by the Presiding Officer of any Revenue Court or officer or by any other Judicial or Executive Authority:	
	(a) if the amount or value of the subject- matter is fifty or less than fifty rupees.	One rupee and ten paise. Two rupees and
	(b) if such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees.	twenty paise.
	(c) when such judgment or order is passed by a High Court.	Four rupees and forty paise.
7. Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree	When such decree or order is made by any Civil Court other than a High, Court, or by any Revenue Court—	
	(a) If the amount or value of the subject matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made is fifty or less than fifty rupees.	Two rupees and twenty paise.
	(b) If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees.	Three rupees and thirty paise.
	(c) when such decree or order is made by High Court.	Eight rupees and twenty-five paise.

8. Copy of any document liable to stamp-duty under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (Act 2 of 1899), when left by any party to a suit or proceeding in place of the original withdrawn.	(a) when the stamp-duty chargeable on the original does not exceed one rupee.	The amount of the duty chargeable on the original.
9. Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal or Revenue Court or office or from the office of any Chief Officer charged with the executive administration of Division.	(b) In any other case. For every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words.	One rupee and twenty paise." One rupee and twenty paise.

[Vide Assam Act 28 of 1972, s. 2,]

(Schedule I.—Table of rates of ad valorem fees leviable on the institution of suits.)

TABLE OF RATES OF Ad Valorem FEES LEVIABLE ON THE INSTITUTION OF SUITS

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fees
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
	5	0 6 0
5	10	C 12 0
10	15	1 2 0
15	20	1 8 0
20	25	1 14 0
25	30	2 4 0
30	35	2 10 0
35	40	3 0 0
40	45	3 6 0
45	50	3 12 0
50	55	4 2 0
55	60	4 8 0
60	65	4 14 0
65	70	5 4 0
70	75	5 10 0
75	80	6 0 0
73 80	85	6 6 0
	90	6 12 0
85	95	7 2 0
90	100	7 8 0
95		8 4 6
100	110	900
110	120	
120	130	9 12 0
130	140	10 8 0
140	150	11 4 0
150	160	12 0 0
160	170	12 12 0
170	180	13 8 0
180	190	14 4 0
190	200	15 0 0
200	210	15 12 0
210	220	16 8 9
220	230	17 4 0
230	240	18 0 0
240	250	18 12 0
	260	19 8 0
250	270	20 4 9
260	280	21 0 0
270	290	
280		21 12 0
290	300	22 8 0
300	210	23 4 0
310	320	24 0 0
320	330	24 12 6
330	340	25 8 0
340	35 0	26 4 0
	360	27 0
350	370	27 12
360	380	28 8 (
370		
380	390	29 4 (
390	400	30 0 (
400	410	30:12
410	420	31 8

E

1		2			3
Rs.		I	ls.		Rs. A. P.
420		43	0		32 4 0
430		44			33 0 0
440		45			33 12 0
450		46			34 8 0
460		47	0		35 4 0
470		48			36 0 0
480		49	0		36 12 0
490		50	0		37 8 0
500		51	0		38 4 0
510		52	0		39 0 0
520	•	53			39 12 0
530		54			40 8 0
540		55			41 4 0
550		56	0		42 0 0
560		57	0		42 12 0
570		58	0 .		43 8 0
580		59			44 4 0
590		60			45 0 0
600		61			45 12 0
610		62			46 8 0
620		63			47 4 0
630		64			48 0 0
640		65			48 12 0
650		66			49 8 0
660		67	0		50 4 0
670		68)		51 0 0
680		69)		51 12 0
690		70) .		52 8 0
700		71			53 4 0
710		72)		54 0 0
720		73			54 12 0
730		740			55 8 0
740		.: 75			56 4 0
750		76			57 0 0
760		770			57 12 0
7 70		78			
780		79			58 8 0
790					59 4 0
					69 0 0
800		810			60 12 0
810		820			61 8 0
820		830			62 4 0
830		840			55 0 0
840		850)		63 12 0
8.50		860			64 8 0
860		870			65 4 0
870		880			
880		890			
890					66 12 0
		900			67 8 0
900		910			68 4 0
910		920		3	69 0 0
920		930			69 12 0
930		640			70 8 0
940		950			71 4 0
950		960			
		970			
960					72 12 0
970		980			73 8 0

1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
980	990	74 4 0
990	1,000	75 0 0
1,000	1,100	80 0 0
1,100	1,200	85 0 0
1,200	1,300	90 0 C
1,300	1,400	95 0 0
1,400	1,500	100 0 0
1,500	1,600	105 0 0
1,600	1,700	110 0 0
1,700	1,800	115 0 0
1,800	1,900	120 0 0
1,900	2,000	125 0 0
2,000	2,100	130 0 0
2,100	2,200	135 0 0
2,200	2,300	140 0 0
2,300	2,400	145 0 0
2,400	2,500	150 0 0
2,500	2,600	155 0 0
2,600	2,700	160 0 0
2,700	2,800	165 0 0
2,800	2,900	170 0 0
2,900	3,000	175 0 0
3,000	3,100	180 0 0
3,100	3,200	185 0 0
3,200	3,300	190 0 0
3,300	3,400 3,500	195 0 0
3,400	3,500 3,600	200 0 0
3,500	3,600 3,700	205 0 0
3,600	3,700 3,800	210 0 0
3,700	3,800	215 0 0
3,800	3,900	. 220 0 0
3,900	4,000	225 0 0
4,000	4,100	230 0 0
4,100	4,200	235 0 0
4,200	4,300	240 0 0
4,300	4,400	245 0 0
4,400	4,500	25C J G
4,500	4,600	255 0 0
4,600	4,700	260 0 0
4,700	4,800	265 0 0
4,800	4,900	270 0 0
4,990	5,000	275 0 0
5,000	5,250	285 0 0
5,250	5,500	295 0 0
5,500	5,750	305 0 0
5,750	€,000	
6,000	6,250	
6,250	6,500	
	6.750	335 0 0
6,500		345 0 0
6,750	7,000	355 0 0
7,000	7,250	365 0 0
7,250	7,500	375 0 0
7,500	7,750	385 0 0
7,750	8,000	395 0 0
8,000	8,250	405 0 0

1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
8,250	8,500	415 0 0
8,500	8,750	425 0 0
8,750	9,000	435 0 0
9,000	9,250	445 0 0
9,250	9,500	455 0 0
9,500	9,750	465 0 0
9,750	10,000	475 0 0
10,000	10,500	490 0 0
10,500	11,000	505 0 0
11,000	11,500	520 0 0
11,500	12,000	535 0 0
12,000	12,500	550 0 0
12,500	13,000	565 0 0
13,000	13,500	580 0 0
13,500	14,000	595 0 0
14,000	14,500	610 0 0
14,500	15,000	625 0 0
15,000	15,500	640 0 0
15,500	16,000	655 0 0
16,000	16,500	. 670 0 0
16,500	17,000	685 0 0
17,000	17,500	700 0 0
-17,500	18,000	715 0 0
18,000	18,500	730 0 0
18,500	19,000	745 0 0
19,000	19,500	760 0 0
19,500	20,000	775 0 0
20,000	21,000	795 0 0
21,000	22,000	815 0 0
22,000	23,000	835 0 0
23,000	24,000	855 0 0
2 4 ,000	25,000	8 7 5 0 0
25,000	26,000	895 0 0
26,000	27,000	915 0 0
27,000	28,000	935 0 0
28,000	29,000	955 0 0
29,000	30,000	975 0 0
30,000	32,000	995 0 0
32,000	34,000	1,015 0 0
34,000	36,000	1,035 0 0
36, 000	38,000	1,055 0 0
38,000	40,000	1,075 0 0
40,000	42,000	1,095 0 0
42,000	44,000	1,115 0 0
44,000	46,000	1,135 0 0
46,000	48,000	
48,000	50,000	1,155 0 0
50,000	55,000	1,175 0 0
55,000	60,000	1,200 0 0
60,000	65,000	1,225 0 0
		1,250 0 0
65,000	10,000	1,275 0 0
70,000	75,000	1,300 0 0
75,000	80,000	1,325 0 0
80,000	85,000	1,350 0 0
85,000	90,000	1,375 0 0
90,000	95,000	1,400 0 0

1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
95,000	1,00,000	1,425 0 0
1,00,000	1,05,000	1,450 0 0
1,05,000	1,10,000	1,475 0 0
1,10,000	1,15,000	1,500 0 0
1,15,000	1,20,000	1,525 0 0
1,20,000	1,25,000	1,550 0 0
1,25,000	1,30,000	1,575 0 0
1,30,000	1,35,000	1,600 0 0
1,35,000	1,40,000	1,625 0 0
1,40,000	1,45,000	1,650 0 0
1,45,000	1,50,000	1,675 0 0
1,50,000	1,55,000	1,700 0 0
1,55,000	1,60,000	1,725 0 0
1,60,000	1,65,000	1,750 0 0
1,65,000	1,70,000	1,775 0 0
1,70,000	1,75,000	1,800 0 0
1,75,000	1,80,000	1,825 0 0
1,80,000	1,85,000	1,850 0 0
1,85,000	1,90,000	1,875 0 0
1,90,000	1,95,000	1,900 0 0
1,95,000	2,00,000	1,925 0 0
2,00,000	2,05,000	1,950 0 0
2,05,000	2,10,000	1,975 0 0
2,10,000	2,15,000	2,000 0 0
2,15,000	2,20,00 0	2,025 0 0
2,20,000	2,25,000	2,050 0 0
2,25,000	2,30,000	2, 075 0 0
2,30,000	2,35,000	2,100 0 0
2,35,000	2,40,000	2,125 0 0
2,40,000	2,45,000	2,15 0 0 0
2,45,000	2,50,000	2,175 0 0
2,50,000	2,55,000	2,2 00 0 0
2,55,000	2,60,000	2,225 0 0
2,60,000	2,65,000	2,250 0 0
2,65,000	2,70,000	2,275 0 0
2,70,000	2,75,000	2,3 00 0 0
2,75,000	2,80,000	2,325 0 0
2,80,000	2,85,000	2,350 0 0
2,85,000	2,90,000	2,375 0 0
2,90,000	2,95,000	2,400 0 0
2,95,000	3,00,000	2,425 0 0
3,00,000	3,05,000	2,450 0 0
3,05,000	3,10,000	2,475 0 0
3,10,000	3,15,000	2,500 0 0
3,15,000	3,20,000	2,525 0 0
3,20,000	3,25,000	2,550 0 0
3,25,000	3,30,000	2,575 0 0
3,30,000	3,35,000	2,600 0 0
3,35,000	3,40,000	2,625 0 0
3,40,000	3,45,000	2,650 0 0
	3,50,000	2,675 0 0
3,45,000	3,55,000	the state of the s
3,50,000	3,60,000	
3,55,000		2,725 0 0
3,60,000	3,65,000 3,70,000	2,750 0 0
3,65,000	3,70,000	2,775 0 0

1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
3,70,000	3,75,000	2,800 0 0
3,75,000	3,80,000	2,825 0 0
3,80,000	3,85,000	2,850 0 0
3,85,000	3,90,000	2,875 0 0
3,90,000	3,95,000	2,900 0 0
3,95,000	4,00,000	2,925 0 0
4,00,000	4,05,000	2,950 0 0
4,05,000	4,10,000	2,975 0 0
4,10,000	••	3,000 0 0

STATE AMENDMENT

Assam
Table of Rates of *Ad valorem* Fees Leviable on the Institution of Suits

When the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. P.
11 11	5	.55
5	10	1.10
10	15	1.65
15	20	2.20
20	25	2.75
25	30	3.30
30	35	3.85
35	40	4.40
40	45	4.95
45	50	5.50
50	55	6.05
55	60	6.60
60	65	7.15
55	70	7.70
70	75	8.25
75	80	8.80
80	85	9.35
35	90	9.90
90	95	10.45
95	100	11.00
100	110	12.95
110	120	14.85
120	130	16.80
130	140	18.70
140	150	20.55
150	160	21.95

When the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. P.
160	170	23.30
170	180	24.60
180	190	25.90
190	200	27.25
200	210	28.55
210	220	29.90
220	230	31.20
230	240	32.50
240	250	33.85
250	260	35.15
260	270	36.50
270	280	37.80
280	290	39.15
290	300	40.45
300	310	41.75
310	320	43.10
320	330	44.40
330	340	45.75
340	350	47.05
350	360	48.35
360	370	49.0
370	380	51.00
380	390	52.35
390	400	53.65
400	410	54.95
410	420	56.30
420	430	57.60
430	440	58.95

When the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. P.
440	450	60 25
450	460	61.55
460	470	62.90
470	480	64.20
480	490	65.55
490	500	66.85
500	510	68.15
510	520	69.50
520	530	70.80
530	540	72.15
540	550	73.45
550	560	74.75
560	570	76.10
570	580	77.40
580	590	78.75
590	600	80.05
600	610	81.35
610	620	82.70
620	630	84.00
630	640	85.35
640	650	86.65
650	660	87.95
660	670	89.30
670	680	90.60
680	690	91.95
690	700	93.25
700	710	94. 55
710	720	95.90

When the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. P.
720	730	97.20
730	740	98.55
740	750	99.85
750	760	101.15
760	770	102.50
770	780	103.80
780	790	105.15
790	800	106.45
800	810	107.75
810	820	109.10
820	830	110.40
830	840	111.75
840	850	113.05
850	860	114.35
860	870	115.70
870	880	117.00
880	890	118.35
890	900	119.65
900	910	120.95
910	920	122.30
920	930	123.60
930	940	124.95
940	950	126.25

Number		Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
5. Plaint or memorandum of appeal to a suit to establish or disprove a right of occupancy. 6. Bail-bond or other instrument obligation given in a pursuance of an order made by a Court or Magistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 and not otherwise provided for by this Act. 7. Undertaking under section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869.		One rupee and ten paise.
8910. Mukhtarnama or Vakalatnama.	When presented for the conduct of any one case—	
	(a) to any Civil or Criminal Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any Collector or Magistrate, or other Executive Officer except such as are mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of this Number;	One rupee and ten paise
	(b) to a Commissioner of Revenue, Circuit or Customs or to any officer charged with the Executive Administration of a Division, not being the Chief Revenue or Executive Authority;	Two rupees and seventy- five paise.
	(c) to a High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of Revenue, or other Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority, or an appellate Authority prescribed under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (Act IV of 1939) or to an Appellate Authority prescribed under the Assam Sales Tax Act,	Five rupees and fifty paise.

1947(Assam Act XVII of 1947).

Number		Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
11. Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is not from a decree or an order having the force of a decree, and is presented.	(a) to any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court or Executive Officer other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority except an authority specified in clause (b);	Three rupees and thirty paise.
	(b) to an Excise Appellate Authority under Rule 340 of the Assam Excise Rules;	Sixteen rupees and fifty paise.
	(c) to a High Court or Chief Commissioner or other Chief Controlling Executive or Revenue Authority except an Authority prescribed in clause (b);	Eleven rupees.
	(<i>d</i>) To an Excise Appellate Authority under Rule 341 of the Assam Excise Rule :	Fifty five rupees.
	(e) to a High Court in miscellaneous revenue matters except (f) below or to an Appellate Authority prescribed under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (Act IV of 1939); and	Sixteen rupees and fifty paise.
	(f) to a High Court in appeal and revision matters arising out of settlement of fishery—	
	(i) When the bid money is below ten thousand rupees:	Sixteen rupees and fifty paise.
	(ii) When the bid money is above then thousand rupees but below twenty thousand rupees:	Twenty- seven rupees and fifty paise.
	(iii) When the bid money is above twenty thousand rupees.	Thirty-tree rupees.
12. Caveat		Eleven rupees.
13. Application under Act No. 10 of 1859, ection 26 or Bengal Act No. 6 of 1962, section or Bengal Act No. 8 of 1869 section 37. Number		Five rupees and fifty paise. Proper fee

(1)	(2)	(3)
14. Petition in a suit under the Native Converts'		Five rupees
Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866.		and fifty
		paise.
17. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in each of the following suits:		-
	(i) to alter or set aside a summary decision	
	or order of any of the Civil Courts not	
	established by Letters Patent or of any	Sixteen
	Revenue Court;	rupees and
	(ii) to alter or cancel any entry in a register	fifty paise.
	of the names of proprietors of revenue-	
	paying estates;	
	(iii) to obtain a declaration decree where no	Twenty-two
	consequential relief is prayed;	rupees.
	(iv) to set aside an award;	Sixteen
		rupees and
		fifty paise.
	(v) to set aside an adoption;	Twentytwo
		rupees.
	(vi) every other suit where it is not possible	Sixteen
	to estimate at a money-value the subject-	rupees and
	matter in dispute, and which is not other-	fifty paise.
	wise provided for by this Act.	
18. Application under section 14 or section 20, of	When presented to a Munsif's Court.	Sixteen
the Indian Arbitration Act, 1940 (Act X of 1940), for a direction for filing an award or for an order		rupees and
for filing an agreement.		fifty paise.
	When presented to any other Court.	Fifty-five
		rupees.
19. Agreement in writing stating a question for		Sixteen
the opinion of the Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908).		rupees and
rioccuare, 1900 (rict v of 1900).		fifty paise.
20. Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act,		Twenty-two
1869 (Act IV of 1869), except petitions under section 44 of the same Act, and every memorandum of appeal under section 55 of the		rupees.
same Act.		
21. Plaint or memorandum of appeal under the		Twenty-two
Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865 (Act XV of 1865).		rupees.]

[Vide Assam Act 27 of 1972 s. 3]

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of Schedule I Act (7 of 1870).- In Schedule I to the principal Act for articles 11 and 12, the following articles shall be substituted, namely:--

Number		Proper fee
(1)	(2)	(3)
"11. Probate of a will or letters of	When the amount or value of the	Two per centum
administration with or without	property in respect of which the	
will annexed.	grant of probate or letters is made	
	exceeds two thousand rupees, on	
	such amount or value up to ten	
	thousand rupees.	
	and	
	When such amount or value	Three per centum
	exceeds ten thousand rupees, on	
	the portion of such amount or	
	value which is in excess of ten	
	thousand rupees up to fifty	
	thousand rupees.	
	and	
	When such amount or value	Four per centum
	exceeds fifty thousand rupees,	
	on the portion of such amount or	
	value which is in excess of fifty	
	thousand rupees up to one lakh of	
	rupees,	
	and	
	When such amount or value	Five per centum
	exceeds a lakh of rupees, on the	•
	portion of such amount or value	
	which is in excess of one lakh of	
	rupees:	
	Provided that when, after the	
	grant of a certificate under the	
	Indian Succession Act, 1925 (39	
	of 1925) or under the Regulation	
	of the Bombay Code No.8 of 1827,	
	in respect of any property included	
	in an estate, a grant of probate or	
	letters of administration is made in respect of the same estate, the fee	
	payable in respect of the latter grant	
	shall be reduced by the amount of	
	the fee paid in respect of the former	
	grant.	

12. Certificate under the Indian Succession Act, 1925.

When the amount or value of any debt or security specified in the certificate under section 374 of the Act, exceeds one thousand rupees, on such amount or value up to ten thousand rupees,

Two per centum, and on the amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 376 of the Act, three per centum.

and

When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, on the portion of such amount or value which is in excess of ten thousand rupees up to fifty thousand rupees,

amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 376 of the Act, four-and-a-half per centum. Four per centum, and on the mount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 376 of the Act, six per centum.

Three per centum, and on the

and

When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, on the portion of such amount or value which is in excess of fifty thousand rupees up to one lakh of rupees, and When such amount or value exceeds a lakh of rupees, on the portion of such amount or value which is in excess of one lakh of rupees.

Five per centum, and on the amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 376 of the Act, seven-and-a-half per centum."

SCHEDULE (See section 2)

Number and year	Short title
(1)	(2)
Bihar and Orissa Act 1 of 1952	Bihar and Orissa Court-Fees (Amendment Act,
	1922).
Madras Act V of 1922 Central Province Act XVI	Madras Court-Fees (Amendment) Act, 1922 Court-
of 1935	Fees (Central Provinces Amendment) Act, 1935.

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
1,400	1,500	141 4 0
1,500	1,600	148 12 0
1,600	1,700	156 4 0
1,700	1,800	163 12 0
1,800	1,900	171 4 0
1,900	2,000	178 12 0
2,000	2,100	186 4 0
2,100	2,200	193 12 0
2,200	2,300	201 4 0
2,300	2,400	208 12 0
2,400	2,500	216 4 0
2,500	2,600	223 12 0
2,600	2,700	231 4 0
2,700	2,800	238 12 0
2,800	2,900	246 4 0
2,900	3,100	263 12 0
3,000	3,200	261 4 0
3,100	3,300	268 12 0
3,200	3,300	276 4 0

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
850	860	88 0 0
860	870	89 2 0
870	880	90 4 0
880	890	91 6 0
890	900	92 8 0
900	910	93 10 0
910	920	94 12 0
920	930	95 14 0
930	940	97 0 0
940	950	98 2 0
950	960	99 4 0
960	970	100 6 0
970	980	101 8 0
980	990	102 10 0
990	1,000	103 12 0
1,000	1,100	111 4 0
1,100	1,200	118 12 0
1,200	1,300	126 4 0
1,300	1,400	133 12 0

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs	Rs. a. p.
24.000	25,000	1,341 4 0

25,000	26,000	1,371 4 0
26,000	27,000	1,401 4 0
27,000	28,000	1,431 4 0
28,000	29,000	1,461 4 0
29,000	30,000	1,491 4 0
30,000	32,000	1,521 4 0
32,000	34,000	1,551 4 0
34,000	36,000	1,581 4 0
36,000	38,000	1,661 4 0
38,000	40,000	1,641 4 0
40,000	42,000	1,671 4 0
42,000	44,000	1,701 4 0
44,000	46,000	1,731 4 0
46,000	48,000	1,761 4 0
48,000	50,000	1,791 4 0

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
85	90	6 12 0
90	95	7 2 0
95	100	7 8 0

100	110	8 8 0
110	120	980
120	130	10 8 0
130	140	11 8 0
140	150	12 8 0
150	160	13 8 0
160	170	14 8 0
170	180	15 80
180	190	16 80
190	200	17 8 0
200	210	18 80
210	220	19 80
220	230	20 8 0
230	240	21 80
240	250	22 80
250	260	23 80
260	270	24 8 0

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs. 7,100	Rs. 7,200	Rs. a. p.
7,200	7,300	508 12 0
7,300	7,500	576 4 0
7,500	7,600	533 12 0

7,600	7,700	591 4 0
7,700	7,800	606 4 0
7,800	7,900	621 4 0
7,900	8,000	636 4 0
8,000	8,250	651 4 0
8,250	8,500	666 4 0
8,500	8,750	681 4 0
8,750	9,000	696 4 0
9,000	9,250	711 4 0
9,250	9,500	726 4 0
9,500	9,750	741 4 0
9,750	10,000	763 12 0
10,000	10,500	786 4 0
10,500	11,000	808 12 0
11,000	11,500	831 4 0
11,500	12,000	853 12 0
12,000	12,500	

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
660	670	66 10 0
670	680	67 12 0
680	690	68 14 0
690	700	70 0 0
700	710	71 2 0
710	720	72 4 0

720	730	73 6 0
730	740	74 8 0
740	750	75 10 0
750	760	76 12 0
760	770	77 14 0
770	780	79 0 0
780	790	80 2 0
790	800	81 4 0
800	810	82 0 0
810	820	83 8 0
820	830	84 10 0
830	840	85 12 0
840	850	86 14 0
When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs. 90	Rs. 95	Rs. a. p. 7 2 0
95	100	7 8 0
100	110	8 4 0
110	120	9 0 0
120	130	9 12 0
130	140	10 8 0
140	150	11 4 0
150	160	12 0 0

160	170	12 12 0
		12 12 0
170	180	13 8 0
180	190	14 4 0
190	200	15 0 0
200	210	15 12 0
210	220	16 8 0
220	230	17 4 0
230	240	18 00
240	250	18 12 0
250	260	19 8 0
260	270	20 4 0
270	280	21 00
280	290	21 12 0

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
290	300	22 8 0
300	310	23 4 0
310	320	24 0 0
320	330	24 12 0
330	340	25 8 0
340	350	26 4 0
350	360	27 0 0
360	370	27 12 0
370	380	28 8 0
380	390	29 4 0
390	400	30 0 0

400	410	30 12 0
410	420	31 8 0
420	430	32 4 0
430	440	33 0 0
440	450	33 12 0
450	460	34 8 0
460	470	35 4 0
470	480	36 0 0
480	490	36 12 0
490	500	37 8 0

SCHEDULE B. (See Section 21).

(a) Table of rales and valorem fees leviable on plaints, etc., mentioned in Article 1 of Schedule I.

When the amount of value of the subject-matter exceeds.	But does not exceed.	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
	5	0 6 0
5	10	0 12 0
10	15	1 2 0
15	20	1 8 0
20	25	1 14 0
25	30	2 4 0
30	35	2 10 0
		3 0 0
35	40	3 6 0
40	45	3 12 0
45	50	4 2 0
50	55	4 8 0
55	60	4 14 0
60	65	5 4 0
65	70	5 10 0
		6 0 0
70	75	6 60
75	80	
80	85	

SCHEDULE A.

(See Section 2.)

Province year and number.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
1	2	3
Bihar and Orissa Act I of 1922.	Bihar and Orissa Court Fees (Amendment) Act, 1992.	The whole Act, except sections 6,9, 10 and 13.
Madras Act V of 1922.	Madras Court Fees (Amendment) Act, 1922.	The whole Act, except section 11 in respect of Articles 11 and 12 of Schedule I.
Central Provinces Act XVI of 1935.	Court Fees (Central Provinces Amendment) Act, 1935.	The whole Act, except section 4 (e).
When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
3,300	3,400	283 12 0
3,400	3,500	291 4 0
3,500	3,600	298 12 0
3,600	3,700	306 4 0
3,700	3,800	313 12 0
3,800	3,900	321 4 0
3,900	4,000	328 12 0
4,000	4,100	336 4 0
4,100	4,200	343 12 0
4,200	4,300	351 4 0
4,300	4,400	358 12 0
4,400	4,500	366 4 0
4,500	4,600	373 12 0
4,600	4,700	381 4 0
4,700	4,800	388 12 0
4,800	4,900	396 4 0

4,900	5,000	403 12 0
5,000	5,100	411 4 0
5,100	5,200	418 12 0

[Vide Orissa Act 11 of 1967, s. 4]

Amendment of Article 1 of Schedule 1 (7 of 1870).--For Article 1 of Schedule I of the Principal Act the following Article shall be substituted:--

"Number. 1. Plaint, written statement pleading a set- off or counter-claim or memorandum of appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act) presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in section 3. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five one rupee.
off or counter-claim or memorandum of appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act) presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in section 3. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee.
appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act) presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in section 3. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
Act) presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in section 3. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five one rupee. One rupee.
Court except those mentioned in section 3. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees. One rupee. When such amount or value exceeds five one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five one rupee.
rupees, for every five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
rupees, up to five hundred rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
When such amount or value exceeds five One rupee
1
hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or two annas.
part thereof, in excess of five hundred
rupees, up to one thousand rupees.
rupees, up to one mousula rupees.
When such amount or value exceeds one
Seven rupees
rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one eight annas.
thousand rupees, up to seven thousand
five hundred rupees.
live nundred rupees.
When such amount or value exceeds
seven thousand five hundred rupees, for
every two hundred and fifty rupees, or
part thereof, in excess of seven thousand
five hundred rupees, up to ten thousand
rupees.
When such arrest as a selection and the
When such amount or value exceeds ten
thousand rupees, for every five hundred eight annas.
rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten
thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand
rupees.
When such amount or value exceeds Thirty rupees.
When such amount of value exceeds
twenty thousand rupees, for every one
thousand rupees, or part thereof, in
excess of twenty thousand rupees, up to
thirty thousand rupees
When such amount value exceeds thirty Thirty rupees.
thousand rupees, for every two thousand
rupees, or part thereof in excess of

thirty thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand rupees. When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees.	Thirty-seven rupees
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[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 16]

Insertion of new Articles 3 and 3A in Schedule 1 of Act VII of 1870.-- In Schedule I of the principal Act after Article 2, the following Articles shall be inserted:—

"3. Plaint, or written statement pleading a set-off or counterclaim in any suit of the nature cognizable by a court of small causes when the amount or value of the subject matter does not exceed Rs.500.	When the amount or value of the subject matter in dispute does not exceed five rupees. When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, for every five rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees.	Six annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees up to five hundred rupees.	Twelve annas.
	When such value exceeds three thousand rupees but does not exceed four thousand rupees.	Fifty rupees
3A. plaint or memorandum of appeal in each of the following suits:— (i)to obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed.	When such value exceeds four thousand rupees for every two thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of four thousand rupees, upto ten thousand rupees.	Fifty rupees.
(ii) to set aside an award.(iii) to obtain a declaration that an alleged adoption is invalid or never in fact took place or to obtain a declaration that an adoption is valid.	When such value exceeds ten thousand rupees, for every ten thousand rupees, or part thereof in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand rupees.	Fifty rupees.
	When such value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, for every fifty thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees.	One hundred rupees."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 17]

Amendment of Article 6 of Schedule I of Act VII of 1870.—In the third column of Article 6 of Schedule I of the principal Act—

- (a) for the words "four annas" the words "six annas" shall be substituted;
- (b) for the words "eight annas" the words "twelve annas" shall be substituted;
- (c) for the words "one rupee" the words "one rupee eight annas" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 18]

Amendment of Article 7 of Schedule I of Act VII of 1870. —For Article 7 of Schedule I of the principal Act the following Article shall be substituted:—

"copy of decree or order having the fore of a decree.	When such decree or order is made by a Munsif's Court or a Court of Small Causes, or a Revenue Court— (a) If the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit wherein	Eight annas.
	such decree or order is made does not exceed one hundred rupees;	

(b) If such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees but does not exceed one thousand;	One rupee.
(c) If such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees.When such decree or order is made by the Court of a District Judge or of a Subordinate Judge.	One rupee eight annas.
When such decree or order is made by a High Court.	Three rupees, if the amount or value of the subject matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made does not exceed one thousand rupees; six rupees, if such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees."

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 19]

Amendment of Article 9 of Schedule I of Act VII of 1870.—In the third column of Article 9 of Schedule I of the principal Act, for the words, "eight annas" the words "twelve annas" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 20]

Amendment of table of rates and insertion of new tables in Schedule I of Act VII of 1870.--For the table of rates of advalorem fees annexed to Schedule I of the principal Act, the table set forth in Schedule B to this Act shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 21]

Amendment of Schedule I.—In Schedule I to the Court Fees Act, 1870 (7 of 1870) as amended in its application to the State of Orissa (hereinafter referred as the principal Act),—

- (a) in article 1, for the words "Thirty-seven rupees fifty naye paise" occurring as the last entry under the heading "proper fee" the words "One hundred rupees" shall be substituted;
- (b) in the foot note to the Table of rates of advalorem fees appearing under heading "(a) Table of rates of advalorem fees leviable on plaints, etc., mentioned in Article 1 of Schedule 1", for the words "thirty-seven rupees fifty naye paise", the words "one hundred rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 34 of 1992, s. 2]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule I to the Central Act 7 of 1870.— In schedule I to the Court Fees Act, 1870, for "Table of rates of *ad-valorem* fees leviable on the institution of suits," the following Table shall be substituted, namely: --

"Table of rates of *ad-valorem* fees leviable on the institution of suits

When the amount or	But does not	Proper fee
value	exceed	
of the subject matter		
exceeds		
1	2	3
Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
1	15,000	2.5%

15,000	27,000	375+3.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 15,000
27,000	39,000	795+4.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 27,000
39,000	51,000	1335+5.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 39,000
51, 000	63, 000	1995+6.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 51,000
63, 000	75,000	2775+7.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 63,000
75, 000	5,00,000	3675+6.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 75,000
5,00,000	10,00,000	31300+5.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		5,00,000
10,00,000	20,00,000	58800+4.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		10,00,000
20,00,000	30,00,000	103800+3.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		20,00,000
30,00,000	45,00,000	138000+2.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		30,00,000
45,00,000	60,00,000	176300+1.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		45,00,000
60,00,000	75,00,000	198800+0.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.
		60,00,000

And when the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds seventy-five lakh rupees, the proper fee leviable shall be two lakh six thousand three hundred rupees plus twenty five rupees for each five hundred rupees or part thereof in excess of seventy-five lakh rupees.".

[Vide Haryana Act 16 of 2009, s. 2]

Bihar

Amendment in Schedule-I and II of the Court-Fees Act, 1870. - Any fee payable under Schedule-I and Schedule-II of the Court-Fees Act, 1870 calculated in paise shall be rounded off in rupee.

[Vide Bihar Act 13 of 2010, s. 2]

Substitution of Schedule I and II appended to Act VII, 1870. - In the Court Fees Act, 1870 (Act VII of 1870) for Schedule I and II the following shall be substituted, namely-

[Schedule-1]

Ad valorem Fees

No.	Subject	Description	Rates
1	Plaint, written statement, pleading of an adjustment or counter claim or	When the amount or value of the subject matter in dispute-	t
	memorandum of appeal or a cross objection, or plaint or	(i) up to Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand)	15% of the amount or value

	memorandum of appeal to set aside an award not otherwise provided in this Act, presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those	(ii) exceed Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand) but does not exceed Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees five lac).	Rs. 4,500/- (Rupees four thousand five hundred) + 10% of amount or value exceeding Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand).
	mentioned in Section-3.	(iii) exceeds Rs. 5,00,000/- (five lac) but does not exceed Rs. 20,00,000/- (twenty lac).	Rs. 51,500 (fifty one thousand five hundred) + 5% of amount or value exceeding Rs. 5,00,000/- (five lac).
		(iv) exceeds Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees twenty lac), Rs. 1 (one) crore.	Rs. 1,26,500 (Rupees one lac twenty six thousand five hundred) + 1% of the amount or value exceeding Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees twenty lac).
		(v) exceeds Rs. 1 (one) crore	Rs. 2,06,500/- (Rupees two lac six thousand five hundred) + ½% of the amount or value exceeding Rs. 1 (one) crore. Maximum Rs. 3,00,000/- (rupees three lac.)
2	Plaint in a suit for possession under Section 6 of Specific Relief Act, 1963.		According to rates as prescribed in item no.1.
3	Probate of a will or letters of administration with or without will annexed.		10% of the amount or value [minimum Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred) & maximum Rs. 3,00,000/- (Rupees three lac)].
4	Certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889.		As prescribed in item no. 3 on amount or value indicated on certificate.

[Schedule-II]

Fixed Fees

No.	Subject	Description	Fee
1	(1) Application or petition	When presented to an administrative or revenue officer of State Government or Central Government or local body or in a civil or criminal or small cause court other than High Court and which is not otherwise provided-	Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty)
	(2) When presented to the High Court-	(i) Under Article 226, 227 or under Article 226 and 227 of the Constitution-	
		(a) To file a general application.	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(b) To file a Public Interest Litigation.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(ii) On other applications	Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred fifty).
	(3) Application for Civil Revision under Section 115 of Civil Procedure Code or Criminal Revision under Section 397 read with Section 399/401 of Criminal Procedure Code.		Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred fifty).
2	Application to call for records from any other Court.		Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty).
3	Application for leave to sue as a pauper or for leave to appeal as pauper.		Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty).
4	Plaint or memorandum of appeal to establish or prove a right of occupancy.		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred).
5	Bail Bond or other instruments of obligation given in		Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty).

	pursuance of any order made by a Court or Magistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 and not otherwise provided by this Act.		
6	Undertaking under Section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 (4 of 1869).		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred).
7	Affidavit	(i) In all other courts except the High Court.	Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty Rupees).
		(ii) In the High Court.	Rs. 30/- (Rupees thirty).
8	Vakalatnama	(i) In all other courts except the High Court.	Rs. 30/- (Rupees thirty) [Court fee Rs. 20/- + Advocate Welfare stamps Rs. 10/-].
		(ii) In the High Court.	Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty) [Court fee Rs. 30/-+ Advocate Welfare stamp Rs. 20/-].
9	All kinds of copies of any judgement, decree, order, proceeding, the documents filed in a proceeding etc.		Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten) per page.
10	Caveat		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred)
11	Application for review of judgement.		Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred) only.
12	Memorandum of Appeal when the appeal is not from a decree or an order having the force of a decree and is presented.	(a) To any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or Executive Officer, other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority.	Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty).
		(b) To High Court or Chief Controlling	Rs. 100/- (Rupees one

		Executive or Revenue Authority.	hundred).
13	Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in each of the following suits:-	(i) To alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts (not established by Letters Patent or not a Revenue Court)	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(ii) To alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of proprietors of revenue paying estates.	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(iii) To obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(iv) To set aside an award.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(v) To set aside an adoption.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(vi) For every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money value the subject matter in dispute and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
14	Agreement in writing stating a question for the opinion of the Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.		Rs. 200/- (Rupees two hundred).
15	(1) Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 except under Section 44 of the same Act and every Memorandum of Appeal under Section 55 of the same Act.		Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).

(2) Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865.		
and Divorce rict, 1003.		

[Vide Bihar Act 7 of 1996, s. 2]

Bihar

Substitution of Schedules I and II appended to Act VII, 1870.—In the Court Fees Act, 1870 [Act VII of 1870] as amended by Court Fees [(Bihar Amendment) Act, 1995] Schedules I and II shall be *substituted*, by the following:-

Schedule-I

Ad Valorem Fees

No.	Subject	Description	Rates
1	Plaint, written statement, pleading of an adjustment or counter claim or	When the amount or value of the subject matter in dispute-	
	memorandum of appeal or a cross objection, or plaint or memorandum of appeal to set	(i) up to Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand)	15% of the amount or value
	aside an award not otherwise provided in this Act, presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in Section-3.	(ii) exceed Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand) but does not exceed Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees five lac).	Rs. 4,500/- (Rupees four thousand five hundred) + 10% of amount or value exceeding Rs. 30,000/- (Rupees thirty thousand).
		(iii) exceeds Rs. 5,00,000/- (five lac) but does not exceed Rs. 20,00,000/-(twenty lac).	hundred) + 5% of
		(iv) exceeds Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees twenty lac), Rs. 1 (one) crore.	Rs. 1,26,500 (Rupees one lac twenty six thousand five hundred) + 1% of the amount or value exceeding Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees twenty lac).
		(v) exceeds Rs. 1 (one) crore	Rs. 2,06,500/- (Rupees two lac six thousand five hundred) + ½% of the amount or value exceeding Rs. 1 (one) crore. Maximum Rs.

		3,00,000/- (rupees three lac.)
2	Plaint in a suit for possession under Section 6 of Specific Relief Act, 1963.	According to rates as prescribed in item no.1.
3	Probate of a will or letters of administration with or without will annexed.	10% of the amount or value [minimum Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred) & maximum Rs. 3,00,000/- (Rupees three lac)].
4	Certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889.	As prescribed in item no. 3 on amount or value indicated on certificate.

Schedule-II

Fixed Fees

No.	Subject	Description	Fee
1	(1) Application or petition	When presented to an administrative or revenue officer of State Government or Central Government or local body or in a civil or criminal or small cause court other than High Court and which is not otherwise provided-	Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty)
	(2) When presented to the High Court-	(i) Under Article 226, 227 or under Article 226 and 227 of the Constitution-	
		(a) To file a general application.	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(b) To file a Public Interest Litigation.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(ii) On other applications	Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred fifty).
	(3) Application for Civil Revision under Section		Rs. 250/- (Rupees two hundred fifty).

	115 of Civil Procedure Code or Criminal Revision under Section 397 read with Section 399/401 of Criminal Procedure Code.		
2	Application to call for records from any other Court.		Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty).
3	Application for leave to sue as a pauper or for leave to appeal as pauper.		Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty).
4	Plaint or memorandum of appeal to establish or prove a right of occupancy.		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred).
5	Bail Bond or other instruments of obligation given in pursuance of any order made by a Court or Magistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 and not otherwise provided by this Act.		Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty).
6	Undertaking under Section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 (4 of 1869).		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred).
7	Affidavit	(i) In all other courts except the High Court.	Rs. 20/- (Rupees twenty Rupees).
		(ii) In the High Court.	Rs. 30/- (Rupees thirty).
8	Vakalatnama	(i) In all other courts except the High Court.	Rs. 30/- (Rupees thirty) [Court fee Rs. 20/- + Advocate Welfare stamps Rs. 10/-].
		(ii) In the High Court.	Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty) [Court fee Rs. 30/-+ Advocate

			Welfare stamp Rs. 20/-].
9	All kinds of copies of any judgement, decree, order, proceeding, the documents filed in a proceeding etc.		Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten) per page.
10	Caveat		Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred)
11	Application for review of judgement.		Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred) only.
12	Memorandum of Appeal when the appeal is not from a decree or an order having the force of a decree and is presented.	(a) To any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or Executive Officer, other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority.	Rs. 50/- (Rupees fifty).
		(b) To High Court or Chief Controlling Executive or Revenue Authority.	Rs. 100/- (Rupees one hundred).
13	Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in each of the following suits:-	(i) To alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts (not established by Letters Patent or not a Revenue Court)	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(ii) To alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of proprietors of revenue paying estates.	Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
		(iii) To obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(iv) To set aside an award.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
		(v) To set aside an	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees

		adoption.	one thousand).
		(vi) For every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money value the subject matter in dispute and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.	Rs. 1000/- (Rupees one thousand).
14	Agreement in writing stating a question for the opinion of the Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.		Rs. 200/- (Rupees two hundred).
15	(1) Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 except under Section 44 of the same Act and every Memorandum of Appeal under Section 55 of the same Act.		Rs. 500/- (Rupees five hundred).
	(2) Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865.		

[Vide Bihar Act 4 of 2008, s. 2]

Bihar

Amendment of Articles 1 and 6 of Schedule I to Act VII of 1870. - For the 'proper fee' set forth in Schedule I to the Court-fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), as amended from time to time in its application to the State of Bihar (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for Articles 1 and 6 and shown in the second column of the Schedule A to this Act, the 'proper fees' shown against them in the third column of the said Schedule A shall be substituted.

[Vide Bihar Act 7 of 1958, s. 2]

Amendment of the Table of Rates in Schedule I to Act VII of 1870. - For the 'proper fees' set forth in the table of rates annexed to Schedule to the said Act and shown in the first column of Schedule B to this Act, the 'proper fees' shown in the second column of the Schedule B shall be substituted.

[Vide Bihar Act 7 of 1958, s. 3]

Amendment in Schedule-I and II of the Court-Fees Act, 1870. - Any fee payable under Schedule-I and Schedule-II of the Court-Fees Act, 1870 calculated in paise shall be rounded off in rupee.

[Vide Bihar Act 13 of 2010, s. 2]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule I to 7 of 1870.—In Schedule I to the principal Act, --

(i) after serial number 5 and entries thereagainst, the following serial number and entries thereagainst shall be inserted, namely:--

1	2	3	4			
"5-A	Copy of order of the		Five rupees.";			
	Rent Controller					
	(ii) against serial number 8, under columns 3 and 4, for the existing					
	entries, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—					
3		4				
"for every Page		Two rupees.".				

Bihar

Amendment of item 2, 3 and 4 of Schedule I appended to Act VII, 1870 (as amended by Bihar Amendment Act, 1996).—In the Court fees act, 1870 (as amended by Bihar Amendment Act, 1995) for the items 2, 3 and 4 of Schedule I the following shall be substituted, namely:-

(1) Plaint in a suit for possession under	A fee of half of the prescribed fee in the foregoing
Specific Relief Act, 1963, Section 6.	Scale in item I.
(2) Application for review of judgement if	The fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of
presented on or after the ninetieth day from the	appeal as item 1.
date of the decree.	
(3) Application for review of judgement, if	One half of the fee leviable on the plaint or
presented before the ninetieth day from the	memorandum of appeal as item 1.
date of the decree.	

[Vide Bihar Act 9 of 2001, s. 2]

SCHEDULE II

FIXED FEES

Number	-	Proper Fee
Application or petition.	(a) When presented to any officer of the Customs or Excise Department or to any Magistrate by any person having dealings with the Government, and when the subject-matter of such application relates exclusively to those dealings;	
	or when presented to any officer of land- revenue by any person holding temporarily- settled land under direct engagement with Government, and when the subject-matter of the application or petition relates exclusi- vely to such engagement;	
	or when presented to any Municipal Commis- sioner under any Act for the time being in force for the conservancy or improvement of any place, if the application or petition relates solely to such conservancy or improvement;	One anna.
	or when presented to any Civil Court other than a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction, 1*9** or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under *Act. No. 11 of 1865 or under *Act No. 16 of 1868, section 20 or to a Collector or other officer of revenue in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subjectmatter is less than fifty rupees;	
ge	or when presented to any Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court, or to any Board or executive officer for the purpose of obtaining a copy or translation of any judgement, decree or order passed by such Court, Board or officer, or of any other document on record in such Court or Office;	
	(b) When containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which police-officers may, under the Crimi- nal Procedure Codes, arrest without warrant, and presented to any Criminal Court;	Eight annas.
**	or when presented to a Civil, Crimina or Revenue Court, or to a Collector, or any revenue officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity, and not otherwise provided for by this Act;	
	or to deposit in Court revenue or rent;	1
	or for determination by a Court of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant;	
. i	(c) When presented to a Chief Commissioner or other Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority, or to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any chief offi- cer charged with the executive administra- tion of the Division and not otherwise pro vided for by this Act;	One rupee.

The words for to any Cantonment Magistrate sitting as a Court of Civil Judicature under Act No. 3 of 1859 frep. by Act 13 of 1889.
 See now the Provincial Small Causes Courts Act, 1887 (9 of 1867), by which Act 11 of 1865 was repealed.
 See now the Bengal, Agra and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887 (12 of 1887), s. 25.
 See now the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (Act 2 of 1974).

Number	-	Proper Fee
	(d) When presented to a High Court.	Two rupces.
¹ [1A. Application to any Civil Court that records may be called for from another Court.	When the Court grants the application and is of opinion that the transmission of such records involves the use of the post.	Twelve annas in edd- tion to any fee levied on the application un- der clause (a), clause (b) or clause (d) of article 1 of this Schedule.]
2. Application for leave to sue as a pauper.		Eight annas.
3. Application for leave to appeal as a pauper.	(a) When presented to a District Court;	One rupee.
	(b) When presented to a Commissioner for a High Court.	Two rupees.
4. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to obtain possession under Act No. 16 of 1838, or Ithe Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876 (Bom. 3 of 1876).]	••, *	Bight annas.
5. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to establish or disprove a right of occupancy.		
s[6. Bail-bond or other instrument of obligation given in pursuance of an order made by a Court or Margistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 5 of 1898), or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), and not otherwise provided for by this Act.]	;. ;.	Eight annas.
7. Undertaking under section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 (4 of 169).		
8. [Rep. by the Repealing and mending Act, 1891 (12 of 1891).]		
9. [Rep. by the Repealing and mending Act, 1891 (12 of 1891).]		
0. Mukhtarnama or Wakajatnama.	When presented for the conduct of any one case—	
	(a) to any Civil or Criminal Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any Collector or Magis- trate, or other executive officer except such as are mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of this Number;	Eight annas.
	(b) to a Commissioner of Revenue, Circuit or Customs or to any officer charged with the executive admini- stration of a Division, not being the Chief Revenue or Executive Authority;	One rupee.
	(c) to a High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of Revenue, or other Chief Con- trolling Revenue or Executive Authority;	Two rupees.

^{1.} Ins. by Act 14 of 1911, s. 2.

Ins. by Act 14 of 1911, s. 2.
 The Bombay Courts of Adalat Act, 1838.
 Subs. by Act 12 of 1891, for "Bombay Act 5 of 1864 (to give Mamlatdars' Courts jurisdiction in certain cases to maintain existing possession, or to restore possession to any party dispossessed otherwise than by course of law".
 See now the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1906 (Bom. 2 of 1906).
 Subs. by Act 17 of 1914, s. 2.

Number	<u> </u>	Proper Fee
11. Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is not 1* * * from a decree or an order having the force of a	(a) to any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court or executive officer other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority.	Eight annas.
decree, and is presented—	(b) to a High Court or Chief Commissioner, or other Chief Controlling Executive or Revenue Authority.	Two rupees.
12. Caveat.	•	
13. Application under *Act No. 10 of 1859, section 26, or *Bengal Act No. 6 of 1862, section 9, or *Bengal Act No. 8 of 1869, section 37.		Five rupees
14. Petition in a suit under the Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866 (21 of 1866).		Tito Tuycoo
15. [Rep. by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908).]		
16. [Rep. by the Probate Administration 4ct, 1889 (6 of 1889), s. 18 (1).]		
17. Plaint or memorandum of appeal n each of the following suits:—	•	
(1) to alter or set aside a sum- nary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts not established by etters Patent or of any Revenue Court;		
(ii) to alter or cancel any entry in register of the names of proprie-		
(iii) to obtain a declaratory decree here no consequential relief is rayed;		Ten rupees.
(iv) to set aside an award;		
(v) to set aside an adoption;		
(vi) every other suit where it is not ossible to estimate at a money- lue the subject-matter in dispute, and which is not otherwise provi- d for by this Act.		
8. Application under section 326 the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 } of 1908).5	•••	Ten rupees.

^{1.} The words "from an order rejecting a plaint or" omitted by Act 5 of 1908, s. 155 and Sch. IV.

2. Act 10 of 1859 rep. by the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (8 of 1885), in those portions of the Lower Provinces to which that Act extends; in the Chota Nagpur Division (except Manbhum and the Tributary Mahals) by the Chota Nagpur Landlord and Tenant Procedure Act, 1879 (Ben. 1 of 1879) [now repealed by the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908 (Ben. 6 of 1908)]; in the Province of Agra by Act 18 of 1873; and in the C.P. by the C. P. Tenancy Act, 1883 (9 of 1883).

^{3.} Bengal Act 6 of 1862 rep. by the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (8 of 1885) so far as it affected those portions of the Lower Provinces to which that Act extends; and in the Chota Nagpur Division (except Manbhum and the Tributary Mahals) by the Chota Nagpur Landlord and Tenant Procedure Act, 1879 (Ben. 1 of 1879) [rep. by the Chota Nagpur Tenancy Act, 1908 (Ben. 6 of 1908)].

^{4.} Bengal Act 8 of 1869 rep. by the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (8 of 1885),

^{5.} See now the Arbitration Act, 1940 (10 of 1940).

Court-fees Act, 1870

(Schedule II.—Fixed fees.)

Number	 Proper Fee
1[19. Agreement in writing stating a question for the opinion of the Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908).]	 Ten rupees,
20. Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act, 1869 (4 of 1869) except petitions under section 44 of the same Act, and every memorandum of appeal under section 55 of the same Act. 21. Plaint or memorandum of appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865 (15 of 1865).	 Twenty rupees.

Subs. by Act 5 of 1908, s. 155 and Sch. IV, for the original entry "Agreement under section 328 of the same Code".

^{2.} See now the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936 (3 of 1936),

STATE AMENDMENT

Orissa

Amendment of Article 1 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.—. In Article I of Schedule II of the principal Act.—

- in the third column opposite clause (a), for the words "one annas" the words "two annas" (a) shall be substituted:
- (b) in the third column opposite clause (b), for the words, "eight annas" the words "in the case of a criminal complaint and appeal one rupee and in other cases twelve annas" shall
- (c) in the third column opposite clause (c) for the words "one rupee" the words "one rupee eight annas" shall be substituted;
- in the second and third columns, for clause (d) and the words opposite the said clause the (d) following shall be substituted:-
- "(d) (i) When presented to a High Court under section 115 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), for revision of an order,—
 - (a) When the value of the suit Five rupees. or proceedings to which the order relates does not exceed one thousand rupees.
 - (b) When the value of the suit or proceeding exceeds one thousand rupees.

Ten rupees.

Two rupees."

(ii) when presented to a High Court otherwise than under that section.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 22]

Amendment of Article 1A of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.--In the third column of Article 1A of Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "twelve annas" the words "one rupee" shall be substituted. [*Vide* Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 23]

Amendment of Article 10 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.—In Article 10 of Schedule II of the principal Act,—

In the third column—

- (i) for the words "eight annas" the words "one rupee" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for the words "one rupee" the words "two rupees " shall be substituted;
- (iii) for the words "two rupees" the words "three rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 24]

Amendment of Article 11 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.— In Article 11 of Schedule II of the principal Act-

(a) for the entry in the first column, the following entry shall be substituted:—

"Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is from an order inclusive of an order determining any question under section 47 or section 144 of the Code of Civil Procedure (5 of 1908) and is presented".

- (c) in the third column—
 - (i) for the words "eight annas" the words "one rupee" shall be substituted;
- (ii) for the words "two rupees" the words "four rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 25]

Amendment of Article 11 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.--In the third column in Article 2 of Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "five rupees" the words "ten rupees" shall be substituted. [Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 26]

Amendment of Article 14 of Schedule I of Act VII of 1870.-- In the third column in Article 14 of Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "five rupees" the words "ten rupees" shall be substituted. [Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 27]

Amendment of Article 17 and insertion of new Article 17A in Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.-For Article 17 of Schedule II of the principal Act the following two Articles shall be substituted:—

"17. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit,—

(i) to alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts not established by Letters Patent or of any Revenue Court;

(ii) to alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of the proprietors of revenue —paying estates;

(iii) for relief under section 14 Endowment Act, 1868 (XX of 1868), or under section 91 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

17A.Plaint or memorandum of appeal in every suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money-value the subject-matter in dispute and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.

Fifteen rupees.

Fifteen rupees.

Fifteen rupees.

When the plaint is prescribed to, or the memorandum of appeal is against the decree of—

(a) a Revenue court in the district of Ganjam or Koraput;

(b) any other
Revenue
court, or any
court of a
District
Judge, subordinate
Judge or
Munsif.

Fifteen rupees if the value for purposes of jurisdiction does not exceed four thousand rupees, one hundred rupees if such value exceeds four thousand rupees."

Ten rupees.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 28]

Amendment of Article 18 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.--In Article 18 of Schedule II of the principal Act—

- (a) for the entry in the first column, the following entry shall be substituted:—
- "Application under paragraph 17 or paragraph 20 of the Second Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908)";
- (c) in the third column for the words "ten rupees" shall be substituted.

[*Vide* Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 29]

Amendment of Article 19 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.— In the third column in Article 19 of Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "ten rupees" the words "fifteen rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 30]

Amendment of Article 19 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.—In the third column in Article 20 Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "twenty rupees" the words "thirty rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 31]

Amendment of Article 21 of Schedule II of Act VII of 1870.--In the third column in Article 21 Schedule II of the principal Act, for the words "twenty rupees" the words "thirty rupees" shall be substituted.

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee.
1	2	3
Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
5,200	5,300	426 4 0
5,300	5,400	433 12 0
5,400	5,500	441 4 0
5,500	5,600	418 12 0
5,600	5,700	456 4 0
5,700	5,800	463 12 0
5,800	5,900	471 4 0
5,900	6,000	478 12 0
6,000	6,100	486 4 0
6,100	6,200	493 12 0
6,200	6,300	501 4 0
6,300	6,400	508 12 0
6,400	6,500	516 4 0
6,500	6,600	523 12 0

6,600	6,700	513 4 0
6,700	6,800	638 12 0
6,800	6,900	646 4 0
6,900	7,000	658 12 0
7,000	7,100	661 4 0

[Vide Orissa Act 5 of 1939, s. 32]

Amendment of Schedule-II.—In Article 1 of Schedule-II to the Court-fees Act, 1870 (7 of 1870) in its application to the State of Odisha, for clause (b) including the entries under the second and third columns thereof, the following shall be substituted under appropriate column, namely:—

"(b) (i) When containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than the complaint for the offence under section 138 of the Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881 (26 of 1881) and an offence for which Police Officers may under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) arrest without warrant, and presented to any Criminal Court; Or when presented to a Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court or to a Collector, or any Revenue Officer having jurisdiction equal or sub-ordinate to a Collector; Or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity and not otherwise provided for by this Act; Or to deposit in Revenue Court or rent; or for	In the case of a criminal complaint and appeal, four rupees and in other cases two rupees.	
determination by a Court of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant.		
(ii) Complaint for the offence under section 138 of the Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881 (26 of 1881)—	One hundred rupees Five hundred rupees.	
When the amount involved In the cheque or instrument does not exceed ten thousand rupees. When the amount involved in the cheque or instrument exceeds ten thousand rupees but does not exceed one lakh rupees. When the amount involved in the cheque or instrument exceeds one lakh rupees.	One thousand rupees.	

[Vide Orissa Act 4 of 2013, s. 2]

Amendment of Schedule II.— In Schedule II to the principal Act, under the heading "proper fee" for the entries as mentioned in column (2) of the following Table against the corresponding articles in column (1) thereof, the entries as mentioned against them in column (3) of the said Table shall respectively be substituted:—

Corresponding Article	Entries Occurring under the heading "proper fee"	Entries to be substituted
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.(a) (b)	Forty-five paise In case of criminal complaint and appeal, two rupees and twenty-five paise and in other cases one rupee and twenty-paise.	One rupee In case of criminal complaint and appeal, four rupees and in other cases two rupees.
(c) (d) (i) (a) (b) (ii) 1-A	Two rupees and fifty paise Five rupees and fifty paise Eleven rupees Two rupees and twenty paise one rupee and sixty-five paise in addition to	Five rupees Eleven rupees Twenty rupees Four rupees Three rupees in addition to any fee levied on
	any fee levied on the application under clause (a), clause (b) or clause (d) of article - 1 of this Schedule.	the application under clause (a), clause (b) or clause (d) of article-1 of this Schedule.
2. 3.(a) (b) 4. 5. 6. 7.	Fifty-five paise One rupee and ten paise Two rupees and twenty paise Fifty naye paise	One rupees Two rupees Four rupees One rupee One rupee One rupee One rupee One rupee
10.(a)	Two rupees and twenty-five paise	Four rupees
(b) (c)	Three rupees and seventy-five paise Four rupees	Seven rupees
11.(a) (b) 12. 13. 14. 17. 17.A (a) (b)	One rupee Four rupees Ten rupees Ten rupees Five rupees and fifty paise Eleven rupees Fifteen rupees Ten rupees Fifteen rupees Fifteen rupees if the value for purposes of jurisdicaiton does not exceed four thousand rupees. One hundred rupees if such value exceeds four thousand rupees.	Eight rupees Two rupees Eight rupees Twenty rupees Ten rupees Twenty-one rupees Thirty rupees Twenty rupees Thirty rupees Thirty rupees Thirty rupees if the value for purposes of jurisdiction does not exceed four thousand rupees. Two hundred rupees if such value exceeds four thousand rupees.
18. 19. 20. 21.	Sixteen rupees and fifty paise Fifteen rupees Thirty-three rupees Thirty rupees	Thirty-two rupees Thirty rupees Sixty-two rupees Sixty rupees

[Vide Orissa Act 34 of 1992, s. 3]

Uttar Pradesh

Amendment of Schedule II of Act (7 of 1870).—In Schedule II to the Court-Fees Act, as amendment in its application to Uttar Pradesh, in Article 1 (Application or Petition), in clause (f), —

- (a) in sub-clause (i), for the words "Five rupees" the words "One hundred rupees" shall be substituted; and
- (b) in sub-clause (i), for the words "Ten rupees" the words "Two hundred rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 14 of 1989, s. 2]

Haryana

Substitution of Schedules I and II to Act 7 of 1870.—For Schedules I and II to the principal Act, the following Schedules substitution shall be substituted, namely:—

SCHEDULE I

Ad valorem fees

		Amount of value	Proper fee
1	2	3	4
Pla ple cou me (no for obj any	aint, written statement, eading or set off or ounter claim or emorandum of appeal ot otherwise provided r in this Act) or of cross ojections presented to by civil or revenue court acept those mentioned in ction 3.	When the amount or value of the subject matter in dispute does not exceed one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees or part thereof, When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, but does not exceed five hundred rupees, for every twenty rupees, or part thereof in excess of one hundred rupees, up to five hundred rupees. when such amount or value exceeds three thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of three thousand rupees, up to ten thousand when such amount or value exceeds three thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of three thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of three thousand rupees, up to ten thousand When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, for every five hundred	One rupees. Three rupees. Twenty rupees . Seventy-five rupees.

	T		
		rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand rupees When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees, for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of twenty thousand rupees when such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees	One hundred rupees. Two hundred rupees.
2.	Plaint in a suit for possession under the Specific Relief Act, 1963, section 6		A fee of one-half the amount prescribed in the foregoing scale.
3.	Application for review of judgement, if presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of the decree		The fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
4.	Application for review of judgement, if presented before the ninetieth day from the date of the decree		One-half of the fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
5.	Copy of translation of judgement or order not being, or having the force of, a decree	When such judgement or order is passed by any civil court other than the High Court, or by the presiding officer of any revenue court or office, or by any other judicial or executive authority When such judgement or order is passed by the High Court	Two rupees. Five rupees.
6.	Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree	When such decree or order is made by any civil court other than the High Court or by any revenue court When such decree or order is made by the High Court	Five rupees. Ten rupees.

	C C 1 1111	() *****	TP1
7.	Copy of any document liable to stamp duty under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, when left by any party to a suit or proceeding in place of the original withdrawn, provided such copy is not subject to any duty under the Indian	(a) When the stamp duty chargeable, on the original does not exceed seventy five paise (b) in any other case	The amount of the duty chargeable on the original, Two rupees.
8.	Stamp Act, 1899 Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any civil or criminal or revenue court or office, or from the office of any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division	For every three hundred and sixty words or One rupee fraction of three hundred and sixty words	One rupee.
9.	probate of a will or letters of administration with or without will annexed	When the amount or value of the property in respect of which the grant of probate or letters is made exceeds one thousand rupees, but does not exceeds ten thousand rupees. When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, but does not exceed fifty thousand rupees When such amount or value exceed fifty thousand rupees	three per centum on such amount or value. Five per centum on such amount or value. Six per centum on such amount or value.
10.	Certificate under part X of the Indian Succession Act, 1925.	thousand rupees In any case	Three per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security specified in the certificate under section 374 of that Act, and five per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under section 376 of that Act.
			Notes .—(1) The amount of a debt is its amount, including interest, on the day on which the inclusion of the debt in the certificate is applied for, so far as such amount can be ascertained.

		(2) Whether or not any
		power with respect to a
		security specified in a
		certificate has been conferred
		under that Act, and where
		such a power has been so
		conferred, whether the power
		is for the receiving of interest
		or dividends on, or for the
		negotiation or transfer of, the
		security, or for both
		purposes, the value of the
		security is its market value
		on the duty on which the
		inclusion of the security in
		the certified applied for, so
		fur as such value can be
		ascertained.
11.	Application to the High Court for the	Fifteen rupees.
	exercise of its jurisdiction under	
	section 44 of the Punjab Courts Act,	
	1918, or to the court of the Financial	
	Commissioner for the exercise of its	
	revisional jurisdiction under section	
	84 of the Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887.	

Table of rates of *ad-valorem* fees leviable on the institution of suits

Value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper fee
1	2	3
Rs	Rs	Rs
10	10	
20	20	2
30	30	3
40	40	4
50	50	5
60	60	6
70	70	7
80	80	8
90	90	9
100	100	10
120	120	13
140	140	16
160	160	19

180	180	22
200	200	25
220	220	28
240	240	31
260	260	34
280	280	37
300	300	40
320	320	43
340	340	46
360	360	49
380	380	52
400	400	55
420	420	58
440	440	61
460	460	64
480	480	67
500	500	78
550	550	86
600	600	94
650	650	102
700	700	110
750	750	118
800	800	126
850	850	134
900	900	142
950	950	150
1,000	1,000	158
1050	1,050	166
1150	1,100	174
1200	1,200	182
1250	1,250	190
1300	1300	198
1350	1350	206
1400	1400	214
1450	1450	222
1500	1500	238

1550	1550	246
1600	1600	254
1650	1650	262
1700	1700	270
1750	1750	278
1800	1800	286
1850	1850	294
1900	1900	302
1950	1950	310
2000	2000	318
2050	2050	326
2100	2100	334
2150	2150	342
2200	2200	350
2250	2250	358
2300	2300	366
2350	2350	374
2400	2400	382
2450	2450	390
2500	2500	398
2550	2550	406
2600	2600	414
2650	2650	432
2700	2700	430
2750	2750	446
2800	2800	454
2850	2850	462
2900	2900	470
2950	2950	490
3000	3000	510
3100	3100	530
3200	3200	550
3300	3300	570
3400	3400	590
3500	3500	610
3600	3600	630

3700	3700	650
3800	3800	670
3900	3900	690
4000	4000	710
4100	4100	730
4200	4200	750
4300	4300	770
4400	4400	790
4500	4500	810
4600	4600	830
4700	4700	850
4800	4800	870
4900	4900	890
5000	5000	910
5100	5100	930
5200	5200	950
5300	5300	950
5400	5400	970
5500	5500	990
5600	5600	1010
5700	5700	1030
5800	5800	1050
5900	5900	1070
6000	6000	1090
6100	6100	1110
6200	6200	1130
6300	6300	1150
6400	6400	1170
6500	6500	1190
6600	6600	1210
6700	6700	1210
6800	6800	1250
6900	7000	1290
7000	7000	1310
7100	7100	1350
7200	7200	1370

7300 7300 1390 7400 7400 1410 7500 7500 1430 7600 7600 1450 7700 7700 1470 7800 7800 1490 7900 1510 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 1750 1750 9300 900 1770 9300 900 1770 9400 9400 1770 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1850 9700 9700 1870 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>			
7500 7500 1430 7600 7600 1450 7700 7700 1470 7800 7800 1490 7900 7900 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 1710 9000 9000 1770 9300 900 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9800 9900 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10500 11500 100	7300	7300	1390
7600 7600 1450 7700 7700 1470 7800 7800 1490 7900 7900 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 1670 8800 8800 8800 1690 8900 900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9800 1945 990 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500	7400	7400	1410
7700 7700 1470 7800 7800 1490 7900 7900 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 1945 1945 9900 2020 1000 10500 1945 1000	7500	7500	1430
7800 7800 1490 7900 7900 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2326 12500 12500 2470 <td< td=""><td>7600</td><td>7600</td><td>1450</td></td<>	7600	7600	1450
7900 7900 1510 8000 8000 1530 8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9800 9900 2020 10000 10000 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2320 12000 12500 2470 </td <td>7700</td> <td>7700</td> <td>1470</td>	7700	7700	1470
8000 8000 1550 8100 8100 1550 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11500 2320 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2545 13500	7800	7800	1490
8100 8100 1550 8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 12500 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2545	7900	7900	1510
8200 8200 1570 8300 8300 1590 8400 1610 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 900 1710 9000 900 1750 9200 900 1770 9300 9300 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2320 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8000	8000	1530
8300 8300 1590 8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2320 12000 1200 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8100	8100	1550
8400 8400 1610 8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2170 11500 11500 2320 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8200	8200	1570
8500 8500 1630 8600 8600 1650 8700 1670 8800 8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8300	8300	1590
8600 8600 1650 8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11500 11500 2320 12000 1200 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	8400	8400	1610
8700 8700 1670 8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	8500	8500	1630
8800 8800 1690 8900 1710 9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8600	8600	1650
8900 1710 9000 9000 9100 1750 9200 9200 9300 1770 9300 9300 9400 1810 9500 9500 9600 1850 9700 9700 9800 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 10500 2170 11500 11500 12500 12500 13000 13500 2545 13500 13500	8700	8700	1670
9000 9000 1730 9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10500 2170 11000 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	8800	8800	1690
9100 9100 1750 9200 9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	8900	8900	1710
9200 1770 9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11000 2170 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	9000	9000	1730
9300 9300 1790 9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2170 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9100	9100	1750
9400 9400 1810 9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12500 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9200	9200	1770
9500 9500 1830 9600 9600 1850 9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9300	9300	1790
9600 1850 9700 9700 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 10500 2170 11000 11000 11500 2320 12000 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2620	9400	9400	1810
9700 9700 1870 9800 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9500	9500	1830
9800 9800 1945 9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 11500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13500 2545 13500 13500 2620	9600	9600	1850
9900 2020 10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9700	9700	1870
10000 10000 2095 10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9800	9800	1945
10500 10500 2170 11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	9900	9900	2020
11000 11000 2245 11500 11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	10000	10000	2095
11500 2320 12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	10500	10500	2170
12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	11000	11000	2245
12000 12000 2395 12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620	11500	11500	2320
12500 12500 2470 13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620			2395
13000 13000 2545 13500 13500 2620			2470
13500 13500 2620			2545
			2620

14500	14500	2770
15000	15000	2845
15500	15500	2920
16000	16000	2995
16500	16500	3070
17000	17000	3145
17500	17500	3220
18000	18000	3295
18500	18500	3370
19000	19000	3470
19500	19500	3570
20000	20000	3670
21000	21000	3770
22000	22000	3870
23000	23000	3970
24000	24000	4070
25000	25000	4170
26000	26000	4270
27000	27000	4370
28000	28000	4470
29000	29000	4570
30000	30000	4670
31000	31000	4770
32000	32000	4870
33000	33000	4970
34000	34000	5070
35000	35000	5170
36000	36000	5270
37000	37000	5370
38000	38000	5470
39000	39000	5570
40000	40000	5670
41000	41000	5770
42000	42000	5870
43000	43000	5970
44000	44000	6070

43000	43000	6170
44000	44000	6270
45000	45000	6370
46000	46000	6570
47000	47000	6770
48000	48000	6970
49000	49000	7170
50000	50000	7370
55000	55000	7570
60000	60000	7770
65000	65000	7970
70000	70000	8170
75000	75000	8370
80000	80000	8570
85000	85000	8770
90000	90000	8970
95000	95000	9170
100000	100000	9370
105000	105000	9370
110000	110000	9570
115000	115000	9770
120000	120000	9970
125000	125000	10170
130000	130000	10370
135000	135000	10570
140000	140000	10770
145000	145000	10970
150000	150000	11370
155000	155000	11570
160000	160000	11770
165000	165000	11970
170000	170000	12170
175000	175000	12370
180000	180000	12570
185000	185000	12770
190000	190000	12970

195000	195000	13170
200000	200000	13370
205000	205000	13570
210000	210000	13770
215000	215000	13970
220000	220000	14170
225000	225000	14370
230000	230000	14570
235000	235000	14770
240000	240000	14970
245000	245000	15170
250000	250000	15370
255000	255000	15770
260000	260000	15970
265000	265000	16170
270000	270000	16370
275000	275000	
280000	280000	
285000	285000	
290000	290000	
295000	295000	
300000	300000	

And when the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds three lacs rupees the proper fee leviable shall he sixteen thousand, three hundred and seventy rupees Plus two hundred rupees for each five thousand rupees or part thereof, in excess of three lacs rupees.

SCHEDULE II

FIXED FEES

Serial No.	Nature of the document	Amount of value	Proper fee
1	2	3	4
	Application or petition	(a) When presented to any officer of the Customs or Excise Department or to any Magistrate, by any person having dealings with the Government and when the subject matter of such application relates exclusively to those dealings or when presented to any revenue officer by any person holding temporarily-settled land under direct engagement with Government, and when the subject-matter of the application or petition relates exclusively to such engagement; or when presented to any municipal commissioner under any Act for the time being in force for the conservancy or improvement of any place, if the application or petition relates solely to such conservancy or improvement; or when presented to any civil court other than a principal civil court of original jurisdiction, or to any court of small causes constituted under Act No. 11 of 1865 or under Act No. 16 of 1868; section 20, or to a Collector or other revenue officer in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than fifty rupees; or when presented to any civil, criminal or revenue court, or to any Board or executive officer for the purpose of obtaining a copy or translation of any judgment, decree or order passed by such court, Board or officer, or of any other document on record in such court or office	One Rupees Two Rupees
		(b) when containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which police officers may, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, arrest without warrant, and presented to any criminal court; or when presented to a civil criminal or revenue, court, or to a Collector or any revenue officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity, and not otherwise provided for by this Act;	
		or to deposit in court, revenue or rent; or for determination by court of the amount of compensation to be paid by landlord to his tenant	
		(c) when presented to a Chief Commissioner or other Chief Controller, Revenue or Executive Authority, or to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any Chief Officer charged with the executive administration of a Division and not otherwise provided for by this Act	Three mines
		(d) when presented to the High Court —(i) for winding up a company or under section	Three rupees Three

		397 or 398 of the Companies Act,	hundred and
		(ii) under the same Act for taking some other judicial action;	fifty rupees. Twenty-five
		(iii) under article 226 of the Constitution of India other than petitions for habeas corpus and petition arising out of criminal proceedings;	rupees. One hundred rupees
		(iv) petition under article 227 of the Constitution of India;	Fifteen rupees
		(v) in all other cases	
			Five rupees
2.	Application to any civil court that records may be called for from another court	When the court grants the application and is of opinion that the transmission of such records involves the use of the post	Two rupees
3.	Application for leave to sue as a pauper		Two rupees
4.	Application for leave to	(a) When presented to a District Court	Two rupees
	appeal as a pauper	(b) When Presented to a Commissioner or the High Court	Five rupees
5.	Bail-bond or other instrument of obligation given in pursuance of an order made by a court or Magistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and not otherwise Provided for by this Act		One rupee
6.	Undertaking under section 49 of the Divorce Act, 1869		Two rupees
7.	Mukhtarnanca or Wakalatnama	When presented for the conduct of any one case—	
		(a) to any civil or criminal court other than the High Court, or to any revenue court, or to any Collector or Magistrate, or other Executive Officer, except such as are mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of this number	Two rupees
		(b) to a Revenue Commissioner or to any officer charged with executive administration of a Division, not being the Chief Revenue or Executive Authority (c) to the High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of revenue, or other Chief controlling Revenue or Executive Authority	Two rupees Three rupees
8.	Memorandum of appear when the appeal is not from a decree or an order having the	(a) to any civil court other than the High Court, or to any revenue court or Executive Officer other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority	Ten rupees

	force of a decree and is presented	(b) to the High Court or Chief Commissioner Fifteen rupees or other Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive Authority	fifteen rupees
9.	Caveat		Ten rupees
10.	Petition in a suit under the Converts Marriage Dis solution Act, 1866, the Divorce Act, 1869, or the Foreign Marriage Act, 1969		Twenty-five rupees
11.	(i) Every petition or application or memorandum of appeal under the Special Marriage Act, 1954, or the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, or the Dissolution of Muslim Marriages Act, 1939 (ii) Application under		Twenty-five rupees
	section 24 of the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955		Five rupees
12.	Plaint or memorandum of appeal in each of the following suits:— (i) to alter or set as ide a summary decision or order of any of the civil courts not established by Letters Patent or of any revenue court; (ii) to alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of the proprietors of revenue paying estates; (iii) to obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed; (iv) to set aside an award; (v) to set aside an award; (vi) every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money-value the subject matter in dispute, and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act		Twenty-five rupees

13.	Application under section 20 of the Arbitration Act, 1940		Twenty-five rupees
14.	Agreement in writing stating a question for the opinion of the court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908		Twenty-five rupees
15.	Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit by a reversioner under the Punjab Customary Law for declaration in respect of an alienation of ancestral land		One hundred rupees
16.	Application or memorandum of appeal for relief under the Haryana Urban (Control of Rent and Eviction) Act, 1973—		Fifteen rupees
	(i) other than for fixation of fair rent	(a) Up to an annual rent not exceeding six hundred rupees;	Fifteen rupees
	(ii) for fixation of fair rent	(b) annual rent exceeding six hundred rupees	Fifteen rupees
17.	Claims for money (whether secured or unsecured) or a claim to set off made against such claims or counter claims under the Banking Companies Act, 1949	(a) Where the amount does not exceed Rs 2,500;(b) where the amount exceeds Rs 2,500 but does not exceed Rs 10,000;(c) where the amount exceeds Rs 10,000;	Twenty-five rupees Fifty -rupees One hundred rupees
18.	Memorandum of appeal from an order or decision passed under the Provisions of section 45-B of the Banking Companies Act, 1949	(a) Where the amount exceeds Rs 5,000 put does not exceed Rs 10,000;(b) where the amount exceeds Rs 10,000	One hundred rupees Two hundred rupees.

[Vide Haryana Act 11 of 1974, s. 3]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule I to Act 7 of 1870.— In Schedule I to the principal Act, —

(a) against serial number 5, under columns 3 and 4, for the existing entries, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:--

"when such judgement or order is passed by

Two rupees.";

any civil court or by the presiding officer of any revenue court or office,

or by any other judicial or executive authority

(b) against serial number 6, under columns 3 and 4, for the existing entries, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"when such decree or order is made by any Five rupees.";

civil court or by any revenue court

(c) against serial number 11, under column 2, the words and figures "to the High Court for the exercise of its jurisdiction under section 44 of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918, or" shall be omitted.

[Vide Haryana Act 22 of 1974, s. 4]

Bihar

Amendment of Article 1 of Schedule II to Act VII of 1870. - For the 'proper fee' set forth in Schedule II to the said Act for Article 1 and shown in the second column of Schedule C to this Act, the 'proper fee, shown in the third column of the said Schedule C shall be substituted.

Schedule A

[See Section 2]

Article	Proper fee set forth in Schedule I to the Court-fees Act, 1870	Proper fees to be substituted
1	2	3
	Six annas	40 N.P.
1	Six annas	40 N.P.
6	Six annas	40 N.P.

Schedule B

[See Section 3]

Table of rates of ad valorem fees leviable on the institution of suits:-

Proper fees set fo	rth in the table	Proper fee	Proper fees to be substituted							
1		2								
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	N.P.						
0	6	0 0		0 0		0 0	0 0	6 0	0 0	
1	2	0	0 0							
1	14	0	1	90						
2	10	0	2	50						
3	6	0	3	40						
4	2	0 4		15						
	14	0	4	90						
5	10	0	5	65						
6	0	0	6	40						

Г					
4	7	2	0	7	15

Schedule C

[See Section 4]

Article	Proper fees set forth in Schedule II to the Court-fees Act, 1870	Proper fees to be substituted
1	2	3
1	Two annas	15 N.P

[Vide Bihar Act 7 of 1958, s. 4]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule I to Central Act 7 of 1870.—In Schedule I to the principal act,--

(i) after serial number 5 and entries thereagainst, the following serial number and entries thereagainst shall be inserted, namely:--

111 00 11110011100, 1	10111101).								
1	2	3	4						
"5-A	Copy of order of Rent Controller		Five rupees,"						
	` '	(ii) against serial number 8, under columns 3 and 4, for the existing entries, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:							
	3	4							

[&]quot;For every age

Two rupees.".

[Vide Haryana Act 3 of 1990, s. 3]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule II to Central Act 1 of 1870.— In Schedule II to the principal Act,—

- (i) against serial number I, under columns 3 and 4,—
 - (a) against entry (b), for the words "Two rupees", the words "Ten rupees" shall be substituted;
- (b) against entry (c), for the words "Three rupees", the words "Fifteen rupees" shall be substituted;
- (ii) against serial number 3, under column 4, for the words "Two rupees", the words "Five rupees" shall be substituted;
- (iii) against serial number 4, under column 4, for the words "Two rupees", the words "Ten rupees" shall be substituted;
- (iv) against serial number 5, under column 4, for the words "One rupee", the words "Five rupees" shall be substituted;
- (v) against serial number 6, under column 4, for the words "Two rupees", the words "Ten rupees" shall be substituted;
 - (vi) against serial number 8, under columns 3 and 4,—
 - (a) against entry (a), for the words "Ten rupees", the words "Fifteen rupees" shall be substituted;
 - (b) against entry (b), for the words "Fifteen rupees", the words "Twenty rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Haryana Act 3 of 1990, s. 4]

Haryana

Amendment of Schedule II to Act 7 of 1870.—In Schedule II to the principal Act,—

- (a) against serial number 1, entry (d) shall be omitted;
- (b) against serial number 4, in entry (b), the words "or the High Court" shall be omitted;
- (c) against serial number 7,—
 - (i) in item (a), the words "other than the High Court" shall be omitted;
- (ii) in item (c), for the words "High Court, Chief Commissioner", the words "Chief Commissioner" shall be substituted;
- (d) against serial number 8,—
 - (i) in entry (a), the words "other than the High Court" occurring twice, shall be omitted;
 - (ii) in entry (b), the words "High Court or" shall in omitted; and
- (E) against serial number 15, for the words "one hundred rupees", the words "Thirty rupees" shall be substituted.

[Vide Haryana Act 22 of 1974, s. 5]

Uttar Pradesh

Amendment of Schedule IX of Act no. VII of 1870.—In Schedule II to the Court Fees Act, 1870, as amended in its application to Uttar Pradesh, in Article I ("Application or petition")—

(i) in clause (c), in the second column, for sub-clause (2) and the entry relating to it in the third column, the following sub-clause and entry shall be substituted, namely:-

Col. 2	Col. 3
"(2) Under article 226 or article 227 of the Constitution, or by way of special appeal against a judgement or order including a judgment or order passed on a petition filed before the commencement of the Court Fees (Uttar Pradesh Amendment(act, 1970 passed by a single Judge of the High Court thereon."	One hundred rupees.

(ii) at the end, the following proviso thereto shall be inserted, namely:--

Provided that –

- (i) no court fee shall be payable under clause (c) on an application or petition under section 4591 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or under article 226 of the Constitution for writs in the nature of habeas corpus or in relation to any proceeding relating thereto;
- (ii) the court fee payable on an application or petition for adjournment of hearing of any case shall be double the court fee payable on an ordinary application or petition under clause (b), clause (c), clause (d) or sub-clause (5) of clause (c), as the case may be,

[Vide Uttar Pradesh Act 34 of 1970, s. 2]

¹SCHEDULE III

(See section 19 I)

FORM OF VALUATION (TO BE USED WITH SUCH MODIFICATIONS, IF ANY, AS MAY BE NECESSARY). IN THE COURT OF

Re Probate of the Will of and credits of

(or Administration of the property), deceased.

1

solemnly affirm make oath

and say that I am the executor (or one of the executors or one of the next-of-kin) of deceased, and that I have truly set forth in Annexure A to this affidavit all the property and, credits of which the above-named deceased died possessed or was entitled to at the time of his death, and which have come, or are likely to come, to my hands.

- 2. I further say that I have also truly set forth in Annexure B all the items I am by law allowed to deduct.
- 3. I further say that the said assets, exclusive only of such last mentioned items, but inclusive of all rents, interest, dividends and increased values since the date of the death of the said deceased, are under the value of

ANNEXURE A

·										
VALUATIONS OF THE MOVABLE AS	ND IMMOV	ABLE P	ROPER	TY			1 -			
OF		,	DECEA	SED			Rs	٠	A.	P.
Cash in the house and at the banks, household givels, etc.	goods, wea	ring-ar	parel,	, bool	cs, pl	ate,		•		
(State estimated value according to best of Executor	's or Adm	inistrat	or's b	elief.)						
Property in Government securities transferable a	t the Publ	ic Deb	t Offic	ce.						
(State description and value at the price of the day; a it to the time of making the application.)	lso the inte	rest se	parate	ly, ca	lcula	ing				
Immovable property, consisting of										
(State description, giving, in the case of houses, the ass of years assessment the market-value is estimated, the market-value and all rents that have	ated at, a	ie, if a	ny, ai the ca	nd the se of	num la nd,	ber the				
Leasehold property										
(If the deceased held any leases for years determinable the profit rents are estimated to be worth and the arrears due at the date of death and all rents time of making the application.)	he value of	such.	inseri	ting se	nara	elv				
Property in public companies								- 1		
(State the particulars and the value calculated at the separately, calculating it to the time of makin	e price of g the app	the da lication	y; als	o the	intere	st				
Policy of insurance upon life, money out on mort bonds, mortgages, bills, notes and other secu	gage and crities for	other money	securi '-	ties,	such	as				
(State the amount of the whole; also the interest sep making the application.)	arately, co	lculati	ng it t	o the	time	of				
Book debts		•	•	•	•	•				
Stock in trade (State the estimated value, if any.)	•	•	٠	٠		•				
Other property not comprised under the foregoing h (State the estimated value if any.)	eads .	•	•			•				
				Ťo	TAL			7.		
Deduct amount shown in Annexure B not subject to	luty .	•								
	•		Net	тот	AL					

ANNEXURE B

	- 1	
Amount of debts due and owing from the deceased, payable by law out of the estate.		
Amount of funeral expenses		
Amount of mortgage incumbrances		
Property held in trust not beneficially or with general power to confer a beneficial interest.		
Other property not subject to duty		