ACT No. XXXII. OF 1852.

Passed by the Governor General of India in Council, on the 20th August 1852.

An Act to facilitate the prosecution of certain Ministerial and Police
Officers for certain Criminal Acts.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enable the local Governments, and the head officers of departments or offices under Government, to prosecute their subordinate ministerial or police officers for acts of corruption, extortion, embezzlement, or other malversation, whether or not any charge be preferred by an aggrieved private party in respect of such acts, It is enacted as follows:

I. Whenever the local Government, or the head officer of a department or office under Government, shall be of opinion that there are good grounds for making a public enquiry into the truth of any imputation of corruption, extortion, embezzlement, or other malversation committed at any time during tenure of office, by any ministerial or police officer, subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts of the East India Company, and subordinate to such Government, or employed in such department or office, as the case may be, it shall be lawful for such Government, or any such head officer as aforesaid, to prosecute such officer on the part of Government

ACT No. XXXII. OF 1852.

Government in a Criminal Court, or to nominate some person to conduct such prosecution; and it shall also be lawful for such Government, or head officer as aforesaid, in their or his discretion, to undertake on the part of Government the prosecution in a Criminal Court of any such charge, as aforesaid, which may be brought by an aggrieved private party against any such ministerial or police officer, and such prosecutions as aforesaid shall not be barred, or affected, by reason of the party prosecuted having ceased to be in the service of Government at the time at which the charge may be brought against him.

- II. Provided always that no Collector, Magistrate, nor head of an office in the Salt, Abkarree, or Customs Department under the grade of Commissioner, shall commence or undertake a prosecution under this Act, until he shall have obtained the permission of the Court, Board, or officer to whom he is immediately subordinate, to institute the same.
- III. No Collector, Magistrate, Judge, or other officer, who may prosecute any officer under this Act, or cause such prosecution to be instituted, or who may conduct any preliminary investigation into the conduct of such officer connected with such prosecution, nor any of his deputies, assistants, or subordinate officers, shall act as judge in any such prosecution.
- IV. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to repeal or otherwise affect Regulations IX. 1822 and VII. 1828, of the Madras Code, and Act XXXVI. 1837, and the said Regulations and Acts shall remain in full force with respect to the malversations and offences in the Revenue Department to which they are applicable.