ACT No. X of 1900.

PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 21th August, 1900.)

An Act to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census.

WHEREAS it has been determined to take a census of British India during the year 1901, and it is expedient to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of such census; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Title, extent and com-mencement.

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Census Act, 1900.
- (2) It extends to the whole of British India, inclusive of British Baluchistan, the Santhal Parganas and the Pargana of Spiti; and
 - (3) It shall come into force at once.

Appointment of census-officers,

- 2. (1) The Local Government may appoint any person to take, or aid in or supervise the taking of, the census within any specified local area.
- (2) Persons so appointed shall be called census-officers.
- (3) The Local Government may delegate to such authority as it thinks fit the power of appointing census-officers which is conferred by this section.

Proof of appointment of census-officers, and their status as public servants.

- 3. (1) A declaration in writing, signed by any officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf, that any person has been duly appointed a census-officer for any local area shall be conclusive proof of such appointment.
- (2) All census-officers shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 186

4. (1) (a) Every

4. (1) (a) Every officer in command of any body Discharge of of men belonging to Her Majesty's military or naval forces or to Her Majesty's Indian Marine Service or officers in of any vessel of war,

certain cases.

- (b) every person (except a pilot or harbour-master) having charge or control of a vessel,
- (c) every person in charge of a lunatic asylum, hospital, workhouse, prison, reformatory or lock-up, or of any public, charitable, religious or educational institution,
- (d) every keeper, secretary or manager of any sarai, hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or club,
- (e) every occupant of immoveable property and every manager or officer of a railway or other commercial or industrial enterprise who has at the time of the taking of the census not less than fifty persons employed under him, or living on or in such property,

shall, if so required by the District Magistrate, or by such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, perform such of the duties of a census-officer in relation to the persons who at the time of the taking of the census are under his command or charge, or inmates of his house or present on or in such immoveable property, as such Magistrate or officer may, by written order, direct.

(2) All the provisions of this Act relating to census-officers shall apply, so far as they can be made applicable, to all persons while performing such duties under this section, and any person refusing or neglecting to perform any duty which he is directed under this section to perform shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 187 of the Indian Penal Code.

5. (1) The District Magistrate, or such officer as Power of the Local Government may appoint in this behalf for Magistrate to any local area, may, by written order, which shall call upon

XLV 1860. certain persons to give assistance.

have effect throughout the limits of his district or of such local area, as the case may be, call upon-

(a) all owners and occupiers of land, tenureholders, farmers, assignees of land-revenue and lessees of fisheries under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1875, or the Upper Burma VII of 1875. Land and Revenue Regulation, 1889, or III of 1889. their agents,

(b) all village-officers and servants in estates as defined in the Madras Proprietary Estates' Village Service Act, 1894 (Madras), and

Mad. II of 1894.

(c) all members of panchayats appointed under the Village Chaukidari Act, 1870 (Bengal), or the Sylhet and Cachar Rural Police Regulation, 1883, all ghatwals and all circle. I of 1883. tahsildars appointed under the Chota Nagpur Rural Police Act, 1887 (Bengal), and Ben. V of all village-headmen in the Kumaun Division of the North-Western Provinces,

Ben. VI of

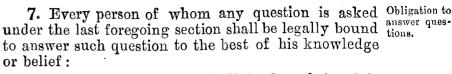
to give such assistance as he needs towards the taking of a census of the persons who are at the time of the taking of the census on the lands of such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers and assignees, or within the limits of such fisheries or in the villages or other areas for which such village-officers and servants, panchayats, ghatwals, circle-tahsildars or village-headmen are appointed, as the case may be.

(2) Such order shall specify the nature of the assistance required, and such owners, occupiers, holders, farmers, assignees, lessees or their agents, and such village-officers and servants, the members of such panchayats and such ghatwals, tahsildars and village-headmen shall be bound to obey it.

Asking of questions by censusofficers.

6. Every census-officer may ask all such questions of all persons within the limits of the local area for which he is appointed as, by instructions issued in this behalf by the Local Government and published in the official Gazette, he may be directed to ask.

7. Every



Provided that no person shall be bound to state the name of any female member of his household, and that no woman shall be bound to state the name of her husband or deceased husband or of any other person whose name she is forbidden by custom to mention.

8. Every person occupying any house, enclosure, vessel or other place shall allow census-officers such access thereto as they may require for the purposes of affixing of the census, and as, having regard to the customs of the country, may be reasonable, and shall allow them to paint on or affix to the place such letters, marks or numbers as may be necessary for the purposes of the census.

numbers.

9. (1) Subject to such orders as the Local Govern- Occupier to ment may issue in this behalf, any census-officer may ule. leave, or cause to be left, at any dwelling house within the local area for which he is appointed, a schedule for the purpose of its being filled up by the occupier of such house or of any specified part thereof with such particulars as the Local Government may direct regarding the inmates of such house or part at the time of the taking of the census.

fill up schod-

- (2) When any such schedule has been so left, the occupier of the house or part to which it relates shall fill it up, or cause it to be filled up, to the best of his knowledge or belief, so far as regards the inmates of such house or part, as the case may be, at the time aforesaid, and shall sign his name thereto, and, when so required, shall deliver the schedule so filled up and signed to the census-officer or to such person as he may
 - 10. In any of the following cases, namely:—

Penalties.

(a) if a census-officer or a person appointed to be a census-officer or a person lawfully required to give assistance towards the taking

taking of a census refuses or neglects to use reasonable diligence in performing any duty imposed upon him or in obeying any order issued to him in accordance with this Act, or with any rule duly made thereunder,

- (b) if a census-officer intentionally puts any offensive or improper question or knowingly makes any false return,
- (c) if any person refuses to answer to the best of his knowledge or belief any question asked of him by a census-officer which he is legally bound by section 7 so to answer,
- (d) if any person occupying any house, enclosure, vessel or other place refuses to allow a census-officer such reasonable access thereto as he is required by section 8 to allow,
- (e) if any person removes, obliterates, alters or injures before the thirty-first day of March, 1901, any letters, marks or numbers which have been painted or affixed for the purposes of the census,
- (f) if any occupier of a dwelling-house or part thereof knowingly and without sufficient cause fails to comply with the provisions of section 9 or makes any false return under that section,

he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Jurisdiction in prosecu-tions.

- 11. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare before what classes of Magistrates prosecutions under this Act may be instituted.
- (2) Unless and until a notification is published under sub-section (1), all prosecutions under this Act shall, in the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, be instituted before a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere before the District Magistrate.

(3) No

I of 1872.

V of 1898.

- (3) No prosecution under this Act shall be instituted except with the previous sanction of the Local Government, or with the previous sanction of some officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf.
- 12. No person shall have a right to inspect any Records of book, register or record made by a census-officer census not in the discharge of his duty as such officer or any schedule delivered under section 9, and notwithstand- admissible in ing anything to the contrary in the Indian Evidence in certain pro-Act, 1872, no entry in any such book, register, record ceedings. or schedule shall be admissible as evidence in any civil proceeding or any proceeding under Chapter XII or Chapter XXXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.

13. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment Temporary or rule with respect to the mode in which a census is suspension to be taken in any municipality, the municipal ments and authority may, at the time appointed for the taking rules as to of the census of British India during the year 1901, mode of taking census cause the census of the municipality to be taken iu muniwholly or in part by any method authorised by this

14. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment Power in reor rule, in regard to municipal, local or village funds, gard to exthe Local Government may direct that the whole or any part of any expenses incurred for anything done in accordance with this Act, may be charged to any municipal, local or village fund constituted for, and on behalf of, the area within which such expenses were incurred.

15. (1) The Governor General in Council may Power to make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

make rules.

- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Governor General in Council may make rules providing-
 - (a) for the appointment of census-officers and of persons to perform any of the duties of census-officers or to give assistance

towards

- towards the taking of a census and for the general instructions to be issued to such officers and persons;
- (b) for the enumeration of persons employed on railways and their families and of other classes of the population for whom it may be necessary or expedient to make special provision;
- (c) for the enumeration of persons travelling on the night when a census is taken.
- (3) The Governor General in Council may, by general or special order, direct that all or any of the powers conferred upon him by this section may also be exercised by any Local Government with respect to the territories administered by it.

