ACT No. XII of 1929.

[PASSED BY THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.]

(Received the assent of the Governor General on the 1st October, 1929.)

An Act further to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows:---

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Income-tax short title and commencement. (Provident Funds Relief) Act, 1929.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

2. To sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Indian Income-tax Amendment Act, 1922 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the follow- Act XI of 1922. ing clause shall be added, namely :---

"(ix) Any income received by trustees on behalf of a recognised provident fund as defined in clause (a) of section 58A."

8. In sub-section (3) of section 15 of the said Act, after Amendment of section 15, the word and figure "section 7" the words "and any sums Act XI of 1922. exempted under sub-section (1) of section 58F" shall be inserted.

4. In section 58 of the said Act,-

Amendment of section 58, Act XI of 1922.

- (a) in the proviso to sub-section (1), after the word and figures "section 57" the words, figures and letter "and under section 58H" shall be added; and
- (b) in sub-section (2), after the word and figures
 "section 57" the words, figures and letter " and section 58H" shall be inserted,

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Insertion of new 5. After Chapter IX of the said Act the following Chapter Chapter IXA in Act XI of 1922. shall be inserted, namely :--

"CHAPTER IXA.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN CLASSES OF PROVIDENT FUNDS.

58A. In this Chapter, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,---

- (a) a "recognised provident fund " means a provident fund which has been and continues to be recognised by the Commissioner, in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) an "employer" means-
 - (i) a Hindu undivided family, company, firm or other association of individuals or persons, or
 - (ii) an individual engaged in a business, profession or vocation whereof the profits and gains are assessable to income-tax under section 10 or section 11,

maintaining a provident fund for the benefit of his or its employees;

- (c) an "employee" means an employee participating in a provident fund, but does not include a personal or domestic servant;
- (d) a "contribution" means any sum credited by or on behalf of any employee out of his salary, or by an employer out of his own monies, to the individual account of an employee, but does not include any sum credited as interest;
- (e) the "balance to the credit" of an employee means the total amount to the credit of his individual account in a provident fund at any time;
- (f) the "annual accretion" to the balance to the credit of an employee means the increase to such balance in any year, arising from contributions and interest;

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- (g) the "accumulated balance due" to an employee means the balance to his credit, or such portion thereof as may be claimable by him under the regulations of the fund, on the day he ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining \mathbf{the} fund; and
- (h) the "regulations of a fund" means the special body of regulations governing the constitution' and administration of a particular provident fund.

58B. (1) The Commissioner of Income-tax may accord The according and withdraws recognition to any provident fund which, in his opinion, of recognition. satisfies the conditions prescribed in section 58C and the rules made thereunder, and may, at any time, withdraw such recognition if, in his opinion, the provident fund contravenes any of those conditions.

(2) The Governor General in Council may, at his discretion, direct the Commissioner of Income-tax to refuse to accord recognition to any provident fund, or may, at any time, withdraw recognition from any recognised provident fund.

(3) An order according recognition shall take effect on such date as the Commissioner may fix in accordance with any rules the Central Board of Revenue may make in this behalf, such date not being later than the last day of the financial year in which the order is made.

(4) An order withdrawing recognition shall take effect from the day on which it is made.

(5) An employer objecting to an order of the Commissioner refusing to recognise a provident fund may appeal, within sixty days of such order, to the Central Board of Revenue.

The appeal shall be in the form and shall be verified in the manner prescribed by the Central Board of Revenue.

58C. (1) In order that a provident fund may receive and conditions to be 1 - 1 - - 5 satisfied by a retain recognition, it shall satisfy the conditions set out below i and any other conditions which the Governor General in provident fund. Council may, by rule, prescribe-

- (a) All employees shall be employed in India, or shall be employed by an employer whose principal place of business is in British India.
- (b) The contributions of an employee in any year shall be a definite proportion of his salary for that year, and

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and shall be deducted by the employer from the employee's salary in that proportion, at each periodical payment of such salary in that year, and credited to the employee's individual account in the fund.

- (c) Subject to the provisions of section 58D, the contributions of an employer to the individual account of an employee in any year shall not exceed the amount of the contributions of the employee in that year, and shall be credited to the employee's individual account at intervals not exceeding one year.
- (d) The fund shall consist of contributions as above specified, of accumulations thereof, and of interest (simple and compound), credited in respect of such contributions and accumulations, and of securities purchased therewith, and of no other sums.
- (e) The fund shall be vested in two or more trustees, under a trust which shall not be revocable save with the consent of all the beneficiaries.
- (f) The employer shall not be entitled to recover any sum whatsoever from the fund, save in cases where the employee is dismissed for misconduct or voluntarily leaves his employment otherwise than on account of ill-health or other unavoidable cause before the expiration of the term of service specified in this behalf in the regulations of the fund.
 - In such cases the recoveries made by the employer shall be limited to the contributions made by him to the individual account of the employee, and to interest (simple and compound) credited in respect of such contributions and accumulations thereof, in accordance with the regulations of the fund.
- (g) The accumulated balance due to an employee shall be payable on the day he ccases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the fund.
- (h) Save as provided in clause (g), or in accordance with such conditions and restrictions as the Governor General in Council may, by rules, prescribe, no portion of the balance to the credit of an employee shall be payable to him.

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(2) Where there is a repugnance between any regulation of a recognised provident fund and any provision of this Chapter or of the rules made thereunder, the regulation shall, to the extent of the repugnance, be of no effect.

The Commissioner may, at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the regulations of the fund.

58D. Subject to any rules which the Governor General in Power to relax Council may make in this behalf, the Commissioner may, in restrictions of employer's respect of any particular fund, relax the provisions of con- contributions in certain cases. dition (c) of sub-section (1) of section 58C----

- (a) so as to permit the payment of larger contributions by an employer to the individual accounts of employees whose salary does not exceed five hundred rupees per mensem; and
- (b) so as to permit the crediting by employers to the individual accounts of employees of periodical bonuses or other contributions of a contingent nature, where the calculation and payment of such bonuses or other contributions is provided for on definite principles by the regulations of the fund.

58E. The annual accretion in any year to the balance at the credit of an employee participating in a recognised provi- accretion deemed to be dent fund shall be deemed to have been received by him in income received. that year and shall be included in his total income for that year, and, subject to the exemptions specified in section 58F, shall be liable to income-tax and super-tax:

Provided that, for the purpose of sub-section (3) of section 15, out of such annual accretion only the employee's own contributions shall be included in his total income.

58F. (1) An employee shall not be liable to pay income-tax Exemption of annual accretion on contributions to his individual account in a recognised annual accret provident fund, in so far as the aggregate of such contributions in any year does not exceed one-sixth of his salary in that year.

(2) In the accounts of a recognised provident fund, the contributions exempted from income-tax under sub-section (1) and accumulations thereof shall be shown separately, and interest thereon shall be calculated and shown separately. Such interest shall be exempt from payment of income-tax, in so far as it is allowed at a rate not exceeding such rate as

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the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Guzette of India, fix in this behalf.

58G. Where an employee participating in a recognised provident fund has rendered continuous service with his employer for a period of not less than five years, and the accumulated balance due to him becomes payable, such accumulated balance shall be exempt from payment of income-tax and super-tax, and shall be excluded from the computation of his total income:

Provided that the Commissioner of Income-tax may allow such exemption and exclusion where the employee has rendered continuous service with the employer for a period of less than five years, if, in his opinion, the service has been terminated by reason of the employee's ill-health, or by the contraction or discontinuance of the employer's business, or other cause beyond the control of the employee.

(2) Where exemption from payment of income-tax is not allowed under the provisions of sub-section (1), the Income-tax Officer shall calculate the total of the various sums of incometax from the payment of which the contributions and interest credited to the employee's individual account have been exempted under the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 58F, and such total shall be payable by the employee, in addition to any other income-tax for which he may be liable for the year in which the accumulated balance due to him becomes payable.

Deduction at source of income-tax payable on accumulated balances due.

Exemption of accumulated balance from income-tax

and super-tax.

58H. The trustees of a recognised provident fund, or other person authorised by the regulations of the fund to make payment of accumulated balances due to employees, shall, at the time an accumulated balance due to an employee is paid, deduct therefrom any income-tax payable under sub-section (2) of section 58G and any income-tax and super-tax payable on an employee's total income as determined under sub-section (3) of section 58J, and sub-sections (4) to (9) of section 18 shall apply as if the sum to be deducted were income-tax payable under the head "Salaries".

Accounts of

581. (1) The accounts of a recognised provident fund shall provident funds. be maintained by the trustees of the fund and shall be in such form and for such periods, and shall contain such particulars as the Central Board of Revenue may prescribe.

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(2) The accounts shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by Income-tax authorities, and the trustees shall furnish to the Income-tax Officer such abstracts thereof as the Central Board of Revenue may prescribe.

58J. (1) Where recognition is accorded to a provident Treatment of fund with existing balances, an account shall be made of Innewly recordised the fund up to the day before the day on which the recognition takes effect, showing the balance to the credit of each employee on such day, and containing such further particulars as the Central Board of Revenue may prescribe.

(2) The account shall also show in respect of the balance to the credit of each employee the amount thereof which is to be transferred to that employee's account in the recognised provident fund, and such amount (hereinafter called his transferred balance) shall be shown as the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund on the date on which the recognition of the fund takes effect, and sub-sections (3)and (4) shall apply thereto.

Any portion of the balance to the credit of an employee in the existing fund which is not transferred to the recognised fund shall be excluded from the accounts of the recognised fund and shall be liable to income-tax and super-tax in accordance with the provisions of this Act other than this Chapter.

(3) Subject to such rules as the Central Board of Revenue may make in this behalf, the Income-tax Officer shall make a calculation of the aggregate of all sums comprised in a transferred balance which would have been liable to incometax if this Chapter had been in force from the date of the institution of the fund, without regard to any tax which may have been paid on any such sum, and such aggregate (if any) shall be deemed to be income received by the employee in the year in which the recognition of the fund takes effect, and shall be included in the employee's total income for that year; and, for the purposes of assessment, the remainder of the transferred balance shall be disregarded, but no other exemption or relief, by way of refund or otherwise, shall be granted in respect of any sum comprised in such transferred balance:

Provided that, in cases of serious accounting difficulty, the Commissioner shall have power subject to the said rules, to make a summary calculation of such aggregate.

(4) Notwithstanding

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(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in condition (h) of sub-section (I) of section 58C, an employee, in order to enable him to pay the amount of tax assessed on his total income as determined under sub-section (3), shall be entitled to withdraw from the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund a sum not exceeding the difference between such amount and the amount to which he would have been assessed if the transferred balance had not been included in his total income.

(5) Nothing in this section shall affect the rights of the persons administering an unrecognised provident fund or dealing with it, or with the balance to the credit of any individual employee, before recognition is accorded, in any manner which may be lawful.

58K. (1) Where an employer who maintains a provident fund (whether recognised or not) for the benefit of his employees and has not transferred the fund or any portion of it, transfers such fund or portion to trustees in trust for the employees participating in the fund, the amount so transferred shall be deemed to be of the nature of capital expenditure.

(2) When an employee participating in such fund is paid the accumulated balance due to him therefrom, any portion of such balance as represents his share in the amount so transferred to the trustee (without addition of interest, and exclusive of the employee's contributions and interest thereon) shall be deemed to be an expenditure by the employer within the meaning of clause (ix) of sub-section (2) of section 10, incurred in the year in which the accumulated balance due to the employee is paid.

58L. (1) All rules made under this Chapter shall be subject to the provisions of sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 59.

(2) In addition to any power conferred by this Chapter, the Governor General in Council may make rules—

- (a) prescribing the statements and other information to be submitted with an application for recognition;
- (b) limiting the contributions to a recognised provident fund by employees of a company who are shareholders in the company;
- (c) providing for the assessment by way of penalty of any consideration received by an employee for an assignment

Treatment of fund transferred by employer to trustee.

Provisions relating to

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assignment of, or creation of a charge upon, his beneficial interest in a recognised provident fund;

(d) determining the extent to and the manner in which exemption from payment of income-tax and supertax may be granted in respect of contributions and interest credited to the individual accounts of employees in a provident fund from which recognition has been withdrawn; and

(e) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Chapter and to secure such further control over the recognition of provident funds and the administration of recognised provident funds as he may deem requisite.

58M. This Chapter shall not apply to any provident fund Application of this Chapter.

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