22.2 al there & rat 1000 State -62 \$ 1956 S. 2+ Sol hs. and Jus. by S. 4 ituris. (from 1-11-56) THE GOVERNMENT PREMISES (EVICTION) ACT, 1950. 682.7 NO. XXVII OF 1950 see Indra Cod The fillence of \$ 1 9dst Centerin Cases] 2 An Act to provide for the eviction of certain percent from Covern. ment premises and for certain matters connected therewith. [10th April 1950] Public Premises] 3 **BE** it enacted by Parliament as follows:-1. Short title and extent. -(1) This Act may be called the Promises (Eviction) Act, 1950. (2) It extends to the whole of India.except Jammu and Kashmir and Delhi. 2. Definitions.-In this Act. unless the context otherwise requires,-(a) "competent authority" means any person authorised by the ³ Central Government, by notification in the Official Gazette, to perform the functions of the competent authority under this Act for such area as 2 may be specified in the notification; (b) "Government premises" means any promises bolonging ued by the Cent Government a kan 4 and or any truitding J In whitting or part of a building Trices an (c) "premises" (means and includes-(i) the garden, grounds and outhouses, if any, appertaining to such building or part of a building, and 4.11 (ii) any fittings affixed to such building or part of a building for $\frac{1}{2}$ the more beneficial enjoyment thereof; (d) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act. 3. Power to evict certain persons from Government premises. -(1) If the: Public premises competent authority is satisfied-[public premises] (a) that the person authorised to occupy any Government. premises (i) sub-let, without the permission of the Central Government of the competent authority, the whole or any part of such premises, or (ii) otherwise acted in contravention of any of the terms, express or $_{i}$ implied, under which he is authorised to occupy such premises, or (b) that any person is in unauthorised occupation of any Government promised. [public premises] Se the competent authority may, by notice served by post or otherwise, order that that person as well as any other person who may be in occupation of the whole or any part of the premised, shall vacate them within fifteen days of the date of the service of the notice ser7-6 J-Mar Game L public f 303 5 Price anna 1 or $1\frac{1}{2}d$. f Silve by 1.25 of Act 30 04 1951. they of this was the

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(2) If any person refuses or fails to comply with an order made under subsection (1), the competent authority may evict that person from, and take possession of, the premises, and may for that purpose use such force as may be necessary.

4. Power to recover damages 1 (1) Where any person is in upauthorised occupation of any Government premises, the competent authority may, in prescribed manner, assess such damages on account of the use and occupation of the premises as it may deem fit, and may, by notice served by post otherwise, order that person to pay the damages within such time as may specified in the notice.

(2) If any person refuses or fails to pay the damages within the time speci-

5. Appeal.—(1) Any person aggrieved by an order of the competent authority under section 3 or section 4 may, within ten days of the date of the service of the notice under section 3 or section 4, as the case may be, prefer an appeal to the Central Government:

Provided that the Central Government may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of ten days, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(2) On receipt of an appeal under sub-section (I), the Central Governments may, after calling for a report from the competent authority, and after making such further inquiry, if any, as may be necessary, pass such orders as it thinks fit, and the order of the Central Government shall be final.

(3) Where an appeal is preferred under sub-section (1), the Central Government may stay the enforcement of the order of the competent authority for such period and on such conditions as it thinks fit.

6. Bar of jurisdiction of civil courts.—No order made by the Central Government or the competent authority in the exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act shall be called in question in any court and no injunction shall be granted by any court or other authority in respect of any action taken or to be taken m pursuance of any power conferred by or under this Act.

7. Protection of action taken in good faith.—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Central Government or the competent authority in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or of any rules or orders made thereunder.

8. Delegation.—The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any power exercisable by it under this Act shall, subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the notification, be exercisable also by an officer specially empowered in this behalf by the Central Government.

9. Penalty.—Any person who contravenes any provision of this Act or of any rule or order made thereunder or obstructs the lawful exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

10. Power to make rules.—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:

(a) the form of notice and the manner in which it may be served;

All: U(bb) the circumstances under which rent in respect of <u>Covernment premises may be recovered as an arrear of land</u> (revenue; J. I public premises] Ei (c) the manner in which damages for unauthorised occupation be assessed, tand the method which may be taken into account in such damages] (\tilde{d}) the manner in which appeals may be preferred and the procedure to be followed in appeals; (e) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed. $\oint \mathbf{C}(cc)$ the manner of service of any notice under this, L Subs. by 8.25 of Act 30 g 1952. 3, Subs. by 3.6 of Act 52 of 1956. GIPD-SI-55 M of Law-17-10-50-3,500