THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS CERTIFICATES ACT, 1959

No. 46 of 1959

[18th September, 1959]

An Act to make certain provisions in respect of Government Savings Certificates

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Tenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title, commencement and application,

- 1. (1) This Act may be called the Government Savings Certificates Act, 1959.
- (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- (3) It applies to such class of savings certificates as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

D finitions.

- 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwsie requires,-
 - (a) "minor" means a person who is not deemed to have attained his majority under the Indian Majority Act, 1875;
- (b) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (c) "savings certificate" means a savings certificate to which this Act applies;
- (d) "transfer" means a transfer inter vivos, and does not include a transfer by operation of law.

Restrictions on transfer of savings certificates.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, no transfer of a savings certificate, whether made before or after the commencement of this Act, shall be valid unless it has been made with the previous consent in writing of the prescribed authority.

4. Notwithstanding any provision in any law for the time being Holdings by in force,-

or on behalf

- (a) a minor may apply for and hold savings certificates and any other person may apply for and hold savings certificates on behalf of a minor;
- (b) where any savings certificate is held by or on behalf of a minor, the minor shall, whether the savings certificate was applied for and issued before or after the commencement of this Act, be bound by the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder applicable to such savings certificate and by the terms of any declaration made by the applicant for the savings certificate in pursuance of the said rules.
- . 5. Payment of the sum for the time being due on a savings certificate held by or on behalf of a minor may be made-

where certi-

- (a) to him personally, if he himself applied for the savings behalf of a certificate, or
- (b) for the use of the minor, if the application for the savings certificate was made by any person other than the minor,-
 - (i) to any such person, being a parent of the minor or guardian of his property, as may be specified in that behalf in the form of application;
 - (ii) if no such person has been specified, to any guardian of the property of the minor appointed by a competent court, or where no such guardian has been so appointed, to either parent of the minor, or where neither parent is alive, to any other guardian of the minor.
- 6. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the Nomination time being in force, or in any disposition, testamentary or otherwise of savings in respect of any savings certificate, where a nomination made in certificates. the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to receive payment of the sum for the time being due on the savings certificate on the death of the holder thereof and before the maturity of the certificate, or before the certificate having reached maturity has been discharged, the nominee shall, on the death of the holder of the savings certificate, become entitled to the savings certificate and to be paid the sum due thereon to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner.
- (2) Any nomination referred to in sub-section (1) shall become void if the nominee predeceases, or where there are two or more nominees all the nominees predecease, the holder of the sayings certificate making the nomination.

- (3) Where the nominee is a minor, it shall be lawful for the holder of the savings certificate making the nomination to appoint in the prescribed manner any person to receive the sum due thereon in the event of his death during the minority of the nominee.
- (4) A transfer of a savings certificate made in the prescribed manner shall automatically cancel a nomination previously made:

Provided that where a savings certificate is held by or on behalf of any person as a pledgee or by way of security for any purpose, such holding shall not have the effect of cancelling a nomination but the right of the nominee shall be subject to the right of the person so holding it.

Payment on death of holder.

- 7. (1) If the holder of a savings certificate dies and there is in force at the time of his death a nomination in favour of any person, payment of the sum due thereon shall be made to the nominee.
- (2) Where the nominee is a minor, payment of the sum due thereon shall be made—
 - (a) in any case where a person has been appointed to receive it under sub-section (3) of section 6, to that person, and
 - (b) where there is no such person, to any guardian of the property of the minor appointed by a competent court, or where no such guardian has been so appointed, to either parent of the minor, or where neither parent is alive, to any other guardian of the minor.
- (3) Where the sum due on a savings certificate is payable to two or more nominees, and either or any of them dies, the sum shall be paid to the surviving nominee or nominees.
- (4) If a person dies and is at the time of his death the holder of a savings certificate and there is no nomination in force at the time of his death and probate of his will or letters of administration of his estate or a succession certificate granted under the Indian Succession Act, 1925, is not within three months of the death of the 39 of 1925. holder produced to the prescribed authority, then, if the sum due on the savings certificate does not exceed five thousand rupees, the prescribed authority may pay the same to any person appearing to it to be entitled to receive the sum or to administer the estate of the deceased.
- (5) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to require any person to receive payment of the sum due on a savings certificate before it has reached maturity or otherwise than in accordance with the terms of the savings certificate.

- 8. (1) Any payment made in accordance with the foregoing pro-Payment to visions of this Act to a minor or to his parent or guardian or to a be a full discharge. nominee or to any other person shall be a full discharge from all further liability in respect of the sum so paid.
- (2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to preclude any executor or administrator or other representative of a deceased holder of a savings certificate from recovering from the person receiving the same under section 7 the amount remaining in his hands after deducting the amount of all debts or other demands lawfully paid or discharged by him in due course of administration.
- (3) Any creditor or claimant against the estate of a holder of a savings certificate may recover his debt or claim out of the sum paid under this Act to any person and remaining in his hands unadministered, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the latter had obtained letters of administration to the estate of the deceased.
- 9. The prescribed authority may take such security as it thinks Security for necessary from any person to whom any money is paid under sub-due adminissection (4) of section 7 for the due administration of the money so tration. paid and may assign the said security to any person interested in such administration.

10. (1) For the purpose of ascertaining the right of a person Power to claiming to be entitled to payment under sub-section (4) of section administer 7, the prescribed authority may take evidence on oath or affirmation according to the law for the time being in force relating to oaths and affirmations.

(2) Any person who upon such oath or affirmation makes any statement which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true shall be deemed guilty of an offence under section 193 of the Indian Penal Code.

45 of 1860,

11. No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against any officer Protection of of the Government or any prescribed authority in respect of anything action taken which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act. faith.

- 12. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Offi- Power to cial Gazette, make rules to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for-
 - (a) the form of application for savings certificates and the issue and discharge of such certificates;

- (b) the maximum limits
- (c) the conditions as to pay relating to any class of savings (any interest paid on any amount hallimits in the same manner as an arrear any other manner;
- (d) the transfer and conversion of savithe fees to be levied in respect thereof;
- (e) the replacement of savings certificate, or destroyed and the fees payable in respect the
- (f) the form of nominations, the manner in war conditions subject to which nominations may be made registration of nominations;
- (g) the manner in which any person may be appointed the purposes of sub-section (3) of section 6;
- (h) the variation or cancellation of nominations and the registration of such variations or cancellations;
- (i) the fees that may be levied for registration, variation or cancellation of nominations;
 - (j) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.
- (3) Every rule made under this section shall be laid as soon as may be after it is made before each House of Parliament while it is in session for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions, and if before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so however that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

Repeal and savings.

- 13. (1) The Post Office National Savings Certificates Ordinance, 42 of 1944.
- (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the said Ordinance, any rules made or deemed to have been made or anything done or any action taken in exercise of any of the powers conferred by or under the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have been made, done or taken in exercise of the powers conferred by or under this Act, as if this Act were in force on the day on which such rules were made, such thing was done or such action was taken.